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ROSES ... ORNAMENTAL SHRUBS ... BERRIES ... FRUIT, NUT and SHADE TREES

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1946-47
CATALOG



HYDRANGEA P. G.—Page 4

Buckley Nursery Co.

BUCKLEY, WASHINGTON

Home of Pacific Gold Peach

General Instructions for Transplanting & Care of Fruit Trees

PREPARING THE SOIL. Fruit trees flourish best in a naturally dry soil; too much moisture retards growth. Plow at least twice, following the common plow the second time with the subsoil plow. Fresh lands will not need manure or fertilizers but lands exhausted through constant cropping should be fertilized either by turning under clover or well decomposed manure or compost. Land that is in good condition for wheat, corn or potatoes will be well adapted to fruit trees.

PLANTING. Dig the hole larger than is necessary to admit all the roots in their natural position, keeping the surface soil and subsoil separate. Have the tree held in an upright position while the earth is shoveled in, the best soil being sifted in among the roots. Make sure that all the roots come in contact with the soil. When the earth is nearly filled in, pour in water to wash the soil around the roots; then fill up the remainder and tread down gently with the foot. It is only necessary to use water in dry weather.

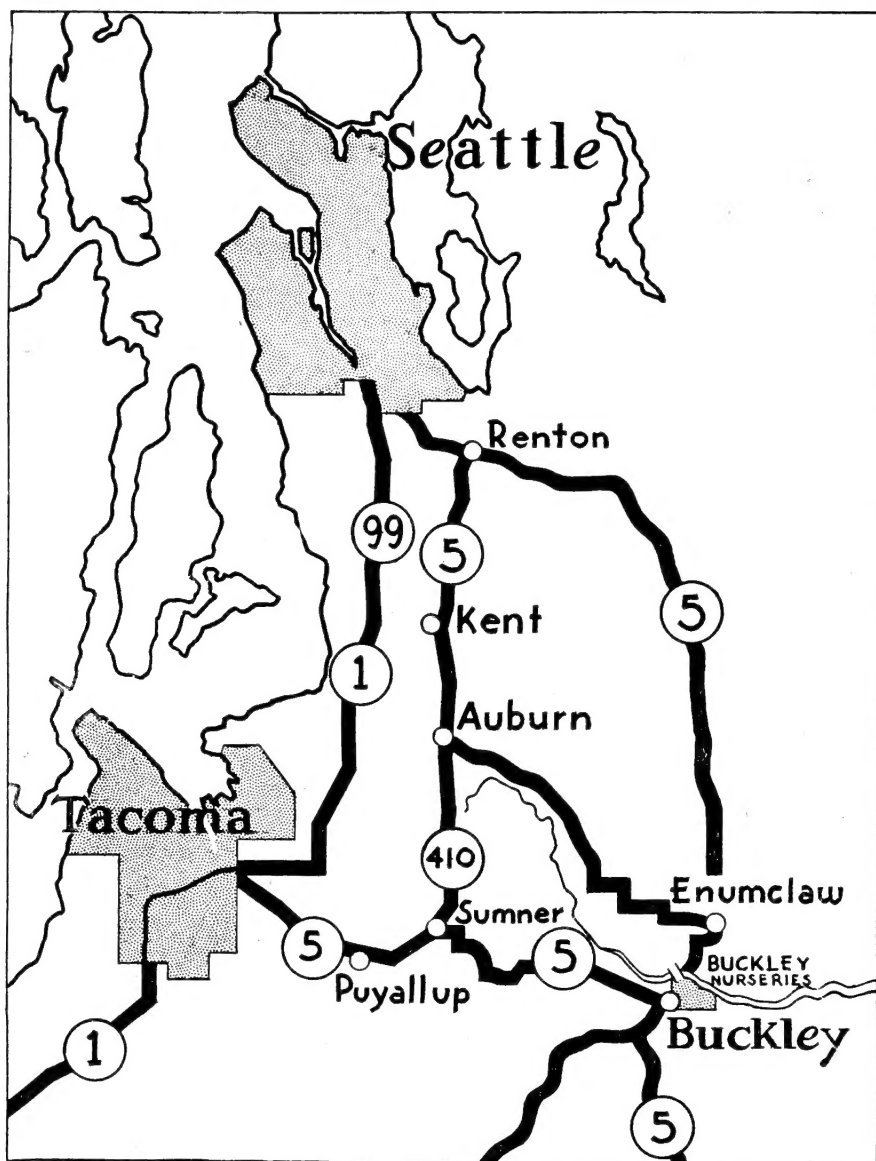
Don't plant too deep; the trees should stand about the way they did in the nursery. Trees on dwarf stock should be planted so that all the stock is below the ground, only the graft appearing above the surface.

STAKING. Extra tall trees or those much exposed to the wind should be supported by a stake. Take care that no chafing of the tender bark occurs.

MULCHING. After the tree is set, cover the ground within a radius of 2 or 3 feet with 5 or 6 inches of manure or litter. (Do not place against the tree.) This mulching is necessary in dry ground and is good practice in spring and fall planting.

PRUNING. All fruit trees should be pruned a certain amount in order to make the growth which is left strong and sturdy and capable of supporting fruit, without danger to the tree. On all fruit trees, excepting cherry trees, branched tree should be pruned back approximately one-third to one-half of the new growth each year, with particular care to keep the center free, and clear from intercrossing branches, so as to make the fruit accessible to the picker, and to the sunlight which ripens it. Pruning should also be done with an eye to the general shaping of the tree, so that roughly, the top of the tree will be symmetrical and well-balanced.

CULTIVATING. Water often and cultivate well, especially during the first season when the tree is becoming established. The orchard should be culti-



We are located at the White River Bridge, 1/4 mile from the city limits of Buckley, Washington, on the Buckley-Enumclaw Highway, and extend a hearty invitation to the public to visit us.

vated at regular intervals, as required, to keep the ground loose and retain moisture. A well-cultivated orchard will amply repay for all work done on it.

FERTILIZING. All fruit trees, and especially the peach tree, can stand a great deal of fertilization. Barnyard and chicken fertilizer help immeasurably in getting the utmost out of the orchard. Care should be taken, however, not to place any fertilizer in direct contact with the tree or any portion of it. Commercial fertilizers, where barnyard fertilizer is not available, can also be applied with excellent results, the usual amount being from one to four pounds per tree, depending upon the size of the tree and soil conditions. All stone fruits respond exceptionally well to fertilization with fertilizers which contain a large portion of nitrogen.

BUCKLEY NURSERY COMPANY

PRICE CHANGES FOR 1946-7 SEASON

Due to increased cost of production, following price changes have been found necessary. The same high standard of quality will be maintained on all Stock. Wherever possible no increase in price has been made.

PAGE 3—Viburnum Plicatum 2-3' \$1.75, 3-4' \$2.00
Viburnum Opulus Sterile 2-3' \$1.50; 3-4' \$1.75
Viburnum Carlesi 15-18" \$3.00; 18-24" \$3.50
DEUTZIA Lemoine 18-24" \$1.15; 2-3' 1.35
DEUTZIA Scabra Plena 18-24 in. 1.15; 2-3 ft. 1.35
DEUTZIA Gracilis 12-18 in. 1.15; 18-24 in. 1.35
SPIREA Thunbergi 2-3 ft. 1.15; 3-4 ft. 1.35
SPIREA Van Houttei 2-3 ft. 1.15; 3-4 ft. 1.35
SPIREA A. Waterer 15-18 in. 1.00; 18-24 in. 1.15; 24-30 in. 1.35
FLOWERING QUINCE 2-3 ft. 1.50; 3-4 ft. 1.85
FORSYTHIA 2-3 ft. 1.15; 3-4 ft. 1.35
BEAUTY BUSH & EXOCHORDA no change
WEIGELIA ROSEA 2-3 ft. 1.10; 3-4 ft. 1.25
WEIGELIA Eva Rathke 2-3 ft. 1.25; 3-4 ft. 1.70
HONEYSUCKLE all varieties 18-24 in. 1.00; 2-3 ft. 1.15

PAGE 4—TAMARIX 2-3 ft. 1.15; 3-4 ft. 1.35
ALTHEA 2-3 ft. 1.25; 3-4 ft. 1.40
PHILADELPHUS VIRGINAL 2-3 ft. 1.25; 3-4 ft. 1.50
AZALEA HINODEGIRI 4-6 in. 1.50; 6-8 in. 1.85
AZALEA MOLLIS 9-12 in. 1.65; 15-18 in. 2.50
COMMON LILACS 2-3 ft. 1.50; 3-4 ft. 1.65
GRAFTED FRENCH LILACS 2-3 ft. 1.85; 3-4 ft. 2.50
BUDDELIA No. 1 1.35
HYDRANGEA P.G. 2-3 ft. 1.50; 3-4 ft. 1.75
HYDRANGEA Blue (Otaksa) 12-15 in. 1.75; 15-18 in. 2.15
HYDRANGEA Arborescens, each No. 1 1.25
COTONEASTER Horizontalis 12-15 in. 1.65; 18-24 in. 3.25

PAGE 5—PEONIES Each \$1.00
MAGNOLIA Soulangeana & Purpurea 18-24 in. 6.00
MAGNOLIA Stellata 15-18 in. 6.00; 18-24 in. 7.50
BOSTON IVY Each \$1.00
WISTERIA 2 year—Each 2.15
HONEYSUCKLE — no change
CLEMATIS — no change

PAGE 6—MOUNTAIN ASH 5-6 ft. 2.15; 6-8 ft. 2.50
RUSSIAN MULBERRY 5-6 ft. 1.85; 6-8 ft. 2.25; 8-10 ft. 2.85
HORSE CHESTNUT, white flowering 4-5 ft. 2.00; 6-8 ft. 3.00
HORSE CHESTNUT, red flowering 3-4 ft. 4.50; 4-5 ft. 5.10
TULIP TREE 4-5 ft. 1.90; 5-6 ft. 2.65
RED LEAF MAPLE 18-24 in. 3.75; 24-30 4.40
LACELEAF MAPLE 12-15 in. 4.35; 15-18 in. 5.00
OAK 5-6 ft. 2.15
AILANTHUS — no change
CUTLEAF WEEPING BIRCH 5-6 ft. 2.50; 8-9 ft. 4.35
WEEPING MULBERRY each No. 1 5-6 ft. head 6.35
WILLOW NIOBE 3-4 ft. 1.40; 5-6 ft. 2.15; 6-8 ft. 2.50
WILLOW WISCONSIN 5-6 ft. 2.15; 6-8 ft. 2.50
WEEPING CHERRY Each No. 1 5-6 ft. head 4.35

PAGE 7—HAWTHORNE, Paul's Scarlet 4-5 ft. 1.85; 5-6 ft. 2.25; 2 year heavy 3.35
GLOBE LOCUST Each 6 ft. No. 1 4.35
PINK FLOWERING LOCUST 5-6 ft. No. 1 4.35
BLACK LOCUST 4-6 ft. 1.35; 6-8 ft. 1.85; 3 yr. hvy. 3.35
HONEY LOCUST — no change
NORWAY MAPLE 4-6 ft. whip, 1.25; 6-8 ft. 3.10; 10-12 ft. 4.65
CATALPA SPECIOSA 5-6 ft. 1.85; 6-8 ft. 2.50
MAIDENHAIR TREE 4-5 ft. 3.75
LINDEN, European 5-6 ft. 2.45; 6-8 ft. 3.10
LINDEN, American 5-6 ft. 2.45; 6-8 ft. 3.10
FLOWERING CRAB: Floribunda, Scheideckeri-Neidwetskyana each 3-4 ft. 1.50; 5-6 ft. 2 yr. 2.35; 3-yr. spec. 3.10 & 3.30
BECHTELL'S and Parkman 2-3 ft. 1.25; 3-4 ft. 1.50; 2 yr. 5-6 ft. 2.50

PAGE 8—PINK FLOWERING ALMOND — no change
WHITE DOGWOOD 3-4 ft. 2.00; 5-6 ft. 2.85
PINK FLOWERING DOGWOOD 24-30 in. 3.75; 30-36 in. 4.50
GOLDENCHAIN 4-5 ft. 2.65
AMERICAN BLM 6-8 ft. 2.50
SYCAMORE 5-6 ft. 2.25; 6-8 ft. 2.75
KWANZAN CHERRY 4-5 ft. 2.10; 2 yr. 2.50; 3 yr. 3.75
PRUNUS PISSARDI 4-6 ft. 1.50; 6-8 ft. 2.50
PRUNUS TRILOBA 4-5 ft. 1.65

PAGE 9—PRUNUS VESUVIUS 3-4 ft. 1.45; 5-6 ft. 1.85; 6-8 ft. 2.25
PRUNUS BLERIANA 3-4 ft. 1.45; 5-6 ft. 1.85; 8-10 ft. 3.45
EUROPEAN WHITE BIRCH 5-6 ft. 1.75; 6-8 ft. 2.25
ACER NEGUNDO VARIEGATA 3-4 ft. 1.75; 6-8 ft. 3.15

PAGE 10—CYPRESS ALUMI 18-24 in. 2.75; 2-3 ft. 4.00; 4-5 ft. 5.50
CYPRESS ERECTA VERDIS & Cypress Lawsonia (same price alumi)

CYPRESS STEWARDI and Cypress Silver Queen 18-24 in. 3.00; 3-4 ft. 5.50

CYPRESS NESTOIDES 12-15 in. 4.00; 15-18 in. 4.50
CYPRESS NEDIFERA 15-18 in. 4.00; 18-24 in. 4.50
ABELIA GRANDIFLORA 15-18 in. 2.50; 24-30 in. 3.35
AUCUBA JAPONICA 15-18 in. 3.20; 18-24 in. 3.30
AUCUBA JAPONICA VARIEGATA 15-18 in. 3.20; 18-24 in. 3.80
MEXICAN ORANGE 12-15 in. 2.15; 18-24 in. 3.35
IRISH JUNIPER 24-30 3.50; 3-4 ft. 5.00
JUNIPER EXCELSA STRICTA 15-18 in. 3.25; 18-24 in. 3.85
JUNIPER SABINA 12-18 in. 2.50; 18-24 in. 4.45
JUNIPER TAMARISCIFOLIA 15-18 in. 4.00; 18-24 in. 5.00

PAGE 11—DUNDEE JUNIPER 2-3 ft. 4.50; 3-4 ft. 5.50
JUNIPER PFITZERIANA 15-18 in. 3.50; 18-24 in. 4.40
CHANDLER'S JUNIPER — no change
COTONEASTER FRANCHETTI 2-3 ft. 3.00; 3-4 ft. 3.50
CEDRUS DEODARA 24-30 in. 3.85; 30-36 in. 4.50; 4-5 ft. 6.00
HOLLY 24-30 in. 5.50; 3-4 ft. 8.50
SKIMMIA 12-15 in. 3.00; 15-18 in. 3.50
RETINOSPORA FILOPERA — no change
RETINOSPORA PLUMOSA 12-15 in. 2.00; 24-30 in. 3.50
RETINOSPORA SQUAROSA NANA 15-18 in. 3.00; 24-30 in. 4.00
DAPHNE ODORA 6-8 ft. 1.80; 10-12 in. 2.15; 18-24 in. 4.35
DAPHNE ONEORUM 8-10 in. 2.15; 10-12 in. 2.65; 12-15 in. 3.25
BERBERIS DARWINI 12-15 in. 1.85; 15-18 in. 2.45
BERBERIS VERICOLOSA 12-15 in. 1.85; 15-18 in. 2.45
LAURESTINUS 15-18 in. 2.50; 24-30 in. 3.50
CAMELLIAS 8-12 in. 1.90; 12-15 in. 3.00; 15-18 in. 4.00; 18-24 in. 4.85; 24-30 in. 5.95; 30-36 ft. 7.50
ARBORVITA THUJA PYRAMIDALIS 18-24 in. 2.85; 3-4 ft. 4.50; 5-6 ft. 8.50
ARBORVITAE T. Orientalis 30-36 in. 4.50; 3-4 ft. 5.50
BERKMAN'S ARBORVITAE 8-10 in. 2.15; 12-15 in. 3.35; 15-18 in. 3.85
ABELIA EDUARD GOUCHER — no change
THUJA GLOBOSA — no change
RETINOSPORA OBTUSA 15-18 in. 2.15; 18-24 in. 2.85; 2-3 ft. 4.50

PAGE 12—ENGLISH LAUREL 18-24 in. 2.35; 24-30 in. 2.85; 12-15 in. hedging 75.00 per 100
KALMIA 12-15 in. 3.25; 15-18 in. 3.90
MUGHO PINE 12-15 in. 3.35; 18-24 in. 4.90
BOXWOOD TRUEDWARF — no change
PRIVET ENGLISH 18-24 in. 22.50 per 100; 30-36 26.50 per 100
PRIVET LODENSE — no change
COLORADO BLUE SPRUCE 15-18 in. 4.50; 3-4 ft. 9.50
NORWAY SPRUCE 2-3 ft. 3.50; 4-5 ft. 7.50
RHODODENDRONS, Standard Named Varieties: 15-18 in. 7.00; 18-24 in. 8.00
HYBRID Seedling Rhododendrons not tagged as to color; 15-18 in. 5.65; 18-24 in. 6.35
HEATHER Med. Hybrid 8-10 in. 1.50
HEATHER ERICA CARNEA 8-10 in. 1.65
IRISH YEW & GOLDEN YEW 18-24 in. 4.50; 2-3 ft. 5.50; 3-4 ft. 8.50

PAGE 13—DWARF FRUIT TREES
No 1 light, each 2.50
Select Heavy, each 3.75
Extra Heavy Specimen, each 5.00
ESPALIER FRUIT TREES 1 tier 6.00; 2 tier 8.00; 3 tier 10.00; 4 tier 12.50

PRICES ON ALL APPLES, PEARS, PLUMS, PEACHES, APRICOTS, CHERRIES AND QUINCE

	Each	50 or over
No. 1 yearling 2-3 ft.	1.00	.85
No. 1 Yearling 3-4 ft.	1.25	1.00
No. 1 Yearling 4-5 ft.	1.50	1.10
Extra Heavy Yearling 5-6 ft.	1.75	1.35
Extra select two year branched.....	\$2.50 each	

COMBINATION PEARS 3 way 4.00; 4 way 5.00
FILBERTS 1 and 2 year—no change, 3 yr. 2.50; 4 yr. 3.00
WALNUTS — no change
CHESTNUTS — no change
COMBINATION APPLE TREES 3 way 4.00; 4-way 4.50; 5 way 5.00
COMBINATION CHERRY TREES 2 way 4.00; 3-way 4.50; 4 way 5.00
ROSES: 2 year No. 1, each 1.25; 12.50 per 12
TREE ROSES Each 4.50; per 12 47.50
CLIMBING ROSES Each 1.50
RUTH ALEXANDER Each 2.00

AZALEA
MOLLISAZALEA
HINODEGIRI
(Dwarf Evergreen)

FLOWERING SHRUBS

VIBURNUM PLICATUM—Ivory-white flowers, appearing in early June, with attractive green foliage. 2-3 ft., \$1.50; 3-4 ft., \$1.75. (Japanese Snowball.)

VIBURNUM OPULUS STERILE—The old-fashioned snowball. Globular white flowers, dark green leaves. Very hardy. 2 to 3 ft., \$1.25; 3 to 4 ft., \$1.50. (Common Snowball.)

VIBURNUM CARLESI (Fragrant Snowball)—Pure white, delightfully sweet scented. Flowers faintly tinted rose when first opening. Very free bloomer. 15-18 inches, \$2.50; 18-24 inches, \$3.00.

DEUTZIA

One of the most satisfactory shrubs to plant for late spring blooming, either singly or in masses. Flowers borne in profusion.

DEUTZIA LEMOINE—Broad, round bush, bearing large clusters of pure white flowers. Very hardy. 18-24 inches, \$1.00; 2-3 ft., \$1.25.

DEUTZIA SCABRA PLENA—Taller growing than Lemoine, with double rose blooms. Attractive and thrifty. 18-24 inches, \$1.00; 2-3 ft., \$1.25.

DEUTZIA GRACILIS—A dwarf type, slender and of graceful habit. Large clusters of white flowers. 12-18 inches, \$1.00; 18-24 inches, \$1.25.

SPIREA

THUNBERG (Spirea Thunbergi)—The first of the spireas to bloom in early spring. Slender branches clothed with feathery bright green foliage. Flowers pure white. 2-3 ft., \$1.00.

VAN HOUTTE (Spirea Van Houttei—Bridal Wreath)—This is the most popular of all the spireas and is more largely planted than any other one shrub. Its gracefully arching branches are heaped with white flowers in early spring. Very hardy and thrifty even under difficult conditions. 2-3 ft., 85c; 3-4 ft., \$1.25.

ANTHONY WATERER (Spirea Anthony Waterer)—A later blooming variety than the two aforementioned, bearing deep rose flowers nearly all summer. 15-18 inches, 85c; 18-24 inches, \$1.00; 24-30 inches, \$1.25.

FLOWERING QUINCE—A low-growing, bushy shrub bearing brilliant red blossoms in early spring. Shiny bronze-green foliage all summer. 2-3 ft., \$1.25; 3-4 ft., \$1.75.

FORSYTHIA (Golden Bell)—A justly popular, beautiful shrub of medium size. Flowers are bright yellow, appearing before the leaves in early spring. Foliage dark green. 2-3 ft., \$1.00; 3-4 ft., \$1.25.

BEAUTY BUSH (Kolkwitzia)—A graceful shrub, attractive at all times. Masses of delicate pink, trumpet shaped flowers in spring. 2-3 ft., \$1.50; 3-4 ft., \$1.75.

EXOCHORDA (Pearl Bush)—Attractive snowy white blossoms and dainty foliage make this hardy shrub a good choice for planting in a sunny place. 2-3 ft., \$1.25; 3-4 ft., \$1.75.

WEIGELIA ROSEA (Pink)—Large light pink blossoms, often blooming for ten weeks in summer, followed by a few blooms in fall. 2-3 ft., 85c; 3-4 ft., \$1.00.

WEIGELIA EVA RATHKE—A new free-flowering variety with carmine red flowers. Very showy and hardy. 2-3 feet., \$1.00; 3-4 ft., \$1.25.

HONEYSUCKLE (Bush Types)

A hardy shrub, easy to cultivate and care for. Bush forms lend themselves well to mass planting, or for use mixed with shrubs for screening.

HONEYSUCKLE FRAGRANTISSIMA—A beautiful, almost evergreen shrub. Very fragrant, creamy-white flowers. 18-24 inches, 85c; 2-3 ft., \$1.00.

HONEYSUCKLE MORROWI—A spreading type with fragrant white bloom followed by red fruit. 18-24 inches, 85c; 2-3 ft., \$1.00.

HONEYSUCKLE TARTARICA ROSEA—A hardy, vigorous grower with pink bloom from April to late May. Orange fruit. 18-24 inches, 85c; 2-3 ft., \$1.00.

HONEYSUCKLE TARTARICA RUBRA—Similar to the Rosea, but with red bloom and bright red fruit. 18-24 inches, 85c; 2-3 ft., \$1.00.



SPIREA VANHOUTTE
(See page 3)

TAMARIX—Slender drooping shoots with delicate feathery foliage; great billowy masses of pink flowers in early spring, nearly covering the branches. 2-3 ft., \$1.00; 3-4 ft., \$1.25.

ALTHEA (*Hibiscus Syriacus*)—The Althea, also called Rose of Sharon, is one of the most attractive shrubs blooming in July, August and September. The flowers are large, many colored, and very attractive. Red, Pink, Lavender or White. 2-3 ft., \$1.00; 3-4 ft., \$1.25.

PHILADELPHUS VIRGINAL (Double Mock Orange)—Large clusters of pure white, double blossoms are borne over a long season. Very fragrant, and a handsome addition to any collection of flowering plants. 2-3 ft., \$1.00; 3-4 ft., \$1.50.

AZALEA HINODEGIRI — A dwarf type azalea, flame-red blooms completely hiding the shrub in early spring and summer. 6-8 in., \$1.50.

AZALEA MOLLIS—A larger growing azalea than the Hinodegiri, attaining a height of 3 to 4 feet. Large clusters of yellow, salmon or flame flowers appear before the leaves. 9-12 in., \$1.00; 15-18 in., \$1.50. (Not tagged as to color.)

LILACS

COMMON PURPLE LILAC (*Syringa Vulgaris*)—The well known lavender-purple variety, long a standard in all gardens. Beautiful, fragrant, and hardy. 2-3 ft., \$1.00; 3-4 ft., \$1.25.

COMMON WHITE LILAC—Too well known to need description. Semi-slender panicles of white, highly fragrant flowers in early spring. 2-3 ft., \$1.00; 3-4 ft., \$1.25.

GRAFTED, FRENCH-TYPE LILACS

2-3 ft., \$1.50; 3-4 ft., \$2.50.

PERSIAN PURPLE—Single, deep purple, slender branches.

ADELAIDE—DUNBAR—Double, dark red.

BELLE DE NANCY—Double, pinkish lavender.

CHARLES JOLY—Double, dark reddish purple.

EDITH CAVELL—Double, milk white.

LUDWIG SPAETH—Single, dark reddish-purple.

VILLE DE TROYAS—Single, dark wine-red.

PRESIDENT GREVY—Double, light blue.

PRESIDENT POINCARE—Double, reddish lavender.

BUDDLEIA (Butterfly Bush)—A fast-growing bushy shrub bearing large panicles of beautiful lavender and purple flowers from June until November. No. 1, \$1.25.

HYDRANGEAS

HYDRANGEA PEEGEE (*H. Paniculata Grandiflora*)—Long, pointed panicles of pinkish-white flowers in August and September. Can easily be trained to tree form, and makes a very desirable lawn ornament. 2-3 ft., \$1.25; 3-4 ft., \$1.75.

BLUE HYDRANGEA (*H. Opuloides Otaksa*)—Vivid blue blossoms in late summer and early fall. Acid soil intensifies the coloring. Very showy. 12-15 inches, \$1.50; 15-18 inches, \$1.75.

HYDRANGEA HILLS OF SNOW (*Arborescens Grandiflora*)—The blooms are large, snow-white, and the foliage finely finished. Extremely hardy. Each, \$1.00.

COTONEASTER (*Horizontalis*)—A very attractive shrub that grows flat to the ground, or can be trained against a lattice. Small, dark green leaves



LILACS

turn red in autumn, and the masses of bright vermilion berries remain all winter. 12-15 inches, **\$1.25**; 18-24 inches, **\$2.25**.

PEONIES—Double flowered varieties, suitable for garden planting or cut use. Choose a mass planting of a single color, or mixture of red, rose or white. Strong, 3-5 eye divisions, each, **75c**.

MAGNOLIA (Soulangeana)—Handsome upright shrub with large, showy, sweet-scented blossoms, creamy-white tinted with purple, appearing before the leaves. 18-24 inches, **\$4.00**.

MAGNOLIA (Purpurea)—Similar to Soulangeana, except the blossoms have a more pronounced edging of purple, with a creamy white throat. 18-24 in., **\$4.00 each**.

MAGNOLIA (Stellata)—The Starry Magnolia. Bushy and slow growing, very showy with narrow-petaled, fragrant, snow white flowers. Blooms in early spring. 15-18 inches, **\$3.50 each**; 18-24 inches, **\$5.00**.

BROOM, Red-Wing—Similar in habit and growth to Moonlight Broom, but with dark wine-red flowers. Very hardy and attractive. 15-18 in., **\$1.75**; 18-24 in., **\$2.25**.

BROOM, Moonlight—Pale, silver-yellow flowers over a period of 4 to 5 weeks. Non-spreading habit. 15-18 inches, **\$1.75**; 18-24 inches, **\$2.25**.



FORSYTHIA VIRIDISSIMA (Golden Bell)
(See page 3)

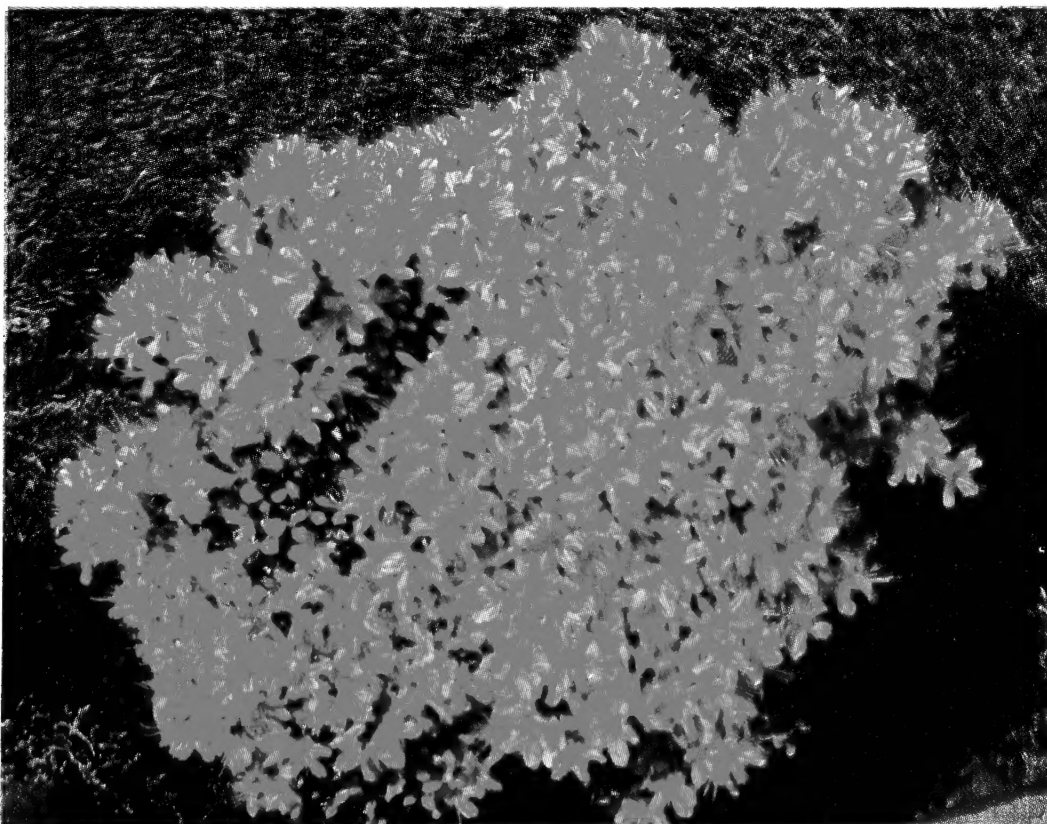
CLIMBING VINES

IVY (Boston)—Bright green leaves, turning to vivid scarlet in fall. A self-supporting creeper, clinging to wood or stone. **75c each**.

WISTERIA (Purple, White, Pink or Violet)—Large panicles of graceful, drooping blossoms, ap-

pearing in mid-summer to fall. 2-yr. plants, **\$1.75 each**.

HONEYSUCKLE (Lonicera)—Hall's Honeysuckle. A hardy climber, bearing a profusion of fragrant white and yellow flowers. 2-yr. plants, **85c each**.



AZALEA HINODEGIRI

CLEMATIS HENRYI—Large, pure white blossoms. Blooming time late spring to mid-summer. 2-yr. No. 1, **\$1.50 each**.

CLEMATIS RAMONA—Very effective large blossoms, six-petaled, of a light blue color. An outstanding plant. 2-yr. No. 1, **each \$1.50**.

CLEMATIS JACKMANI—This is the beautiful large-flowered purple Clematis that grows so beautifully throughout Western Washington. 2-yr. No. 1, **\$1.50**.

CLEMATIS MME. EDWARD ANDRE—Large, bright red blooms, appearing in early spring. Very showy. 2-yr. No. 1, **\$1.50**.

SHADE and ORNAMENTAL TREES

MOUNTAIN ASH—A well-shaped, symmetrical tree with soft feathery foliage and large clusters of showy red berries that hang on through the winter. 5-6 ft., \$1.50; 6-8 ft., \$2.00.

RUSSIAN MULBERRY—Fast growing. Light green foliage, edible fruit. Often planted near cherry trees to attract birds and save cherries. 5-6 ft., \$1.50; 6-8 ft., \$2.00; 2-yr., \$2.50.

HORSE CHESTNUT, European or White Flowering—A beautiful, well-known tree, forming a round, compact head, with large, dark green leaves, an abundance of showy, fragrant white flowers in early spring followed by interesting fruit in fall. 4-5 ft., branched, \$2.00; 6-8 ft., branched, \$2.75.

HORSE CHESTNUT, Red Flowering—A splendid tree, slightly more slow growing than White Chestnut, and having similar habits, with the exception of the slightly later appearing red blooms in spring. 3-4 ft., \$4.00; 4-5 ft., \$4.50.

TULIP TREE (liriodendron)—A handsome, pyramidal tree with interesting foliage and light yellow flowers resembling tulips in size and shape. Novel and hardy. 4-5 ft., \$1.75; 5-6 ft., \$2.50.

RED-LEAF MAPLE — This is a slow-growing, dwarf type shrub with bright red leaves. Maximum height is seldom over 5 to 6 feet, and it provides a spot of color accent in a yard. 18-24 inches, \$3.00; 24-30 inches, \$4.00.



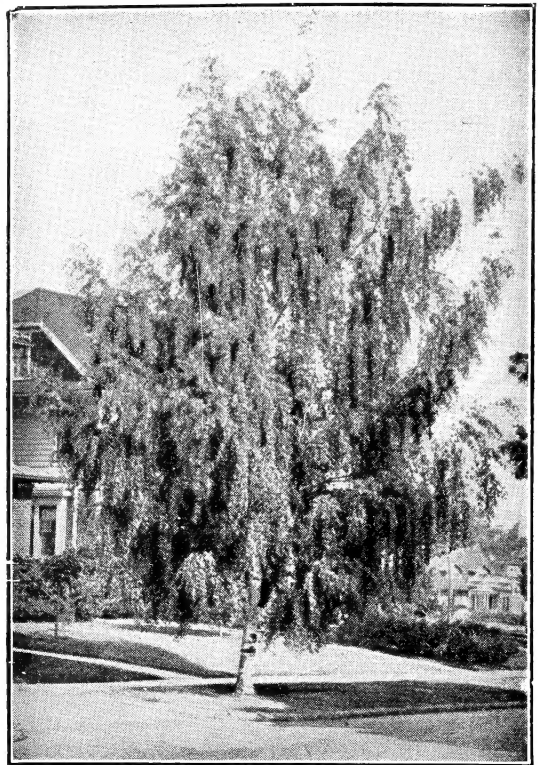
LACE LEAF MAPLE

LACELEAF MAPLE (Palmatum Rubrum Disectum)—This is the dwarf red maple often called Cutleaf. The leaves are finely cut, and deeply red in color. It is more dwarf than the Redleaf, and adapted to rockery plantings. 12-15 inches, \$3.00; 15-18 inches, \$3.75.

OAK—Attractive shade tree; graceful, pyramidal. Foliage very showy in autumn. Slow growing. 5-6 ft., \$1.75.

AILANTHUS (Tree of Heaven)—A very rapid grower, of tropical appearance. Large plumes of white bloom are borne high in the crown of the tree in early fall. 5-6 ft., \$2.00; 6-8 ft., \$2.25.

WEeping TREES



WEeping WHITE BIRCH

BIRCH, CUTLEAF—Tall, slender, yet vigorous in growth; graceful drooping branches with delicately cut foliage. The white bark of trunk and limbs make it a tree of rare beauty summer and winter. Very popular for single specimens or group planting. 5-6 ft., \$2.00; 8-10 ft., \$3.50.

MULBERRY—Forms a perfect umbrella-shaped head with long, slender branches drooping to the ground. Large, smooth, dark green leaves. Grafted 5-6 ft. heads, \$4.50.

WILLOW NIOBE — Golden twigs make this a showy tree either summer or winter. 3-4 ft., \$1.00; 5-6 ft., \$1.50; 6-8 ft., \$2.00. (Larger sizes on request.)

WILLOW WISCONSIN — The green willow. Slightly more fast-growing than the Niobe (Golden Willow), which makes it very desirable where a quick shade tree is desired. 5-6 ft., \$1.50; 6-8 ft., \$2.00.

WEeping CHERRY—One of the most beautiful and effective of all trees. Deep pink, double or single flowers beautifully displayed on the slender, arching and drooping branches. Grafted, 5-6 ft. head, \$3.00.

HAWTHORN, PAUL'S SCARLET—This is beautiful, deep scarlet Hawthorn that grows to perfection in Western Washington. 4-5 ft., \$1.50; 5-6 ft. whips, \$1.75; 2-yr. branched, \$2.25. Larger sizes on request.

LOCUST, GLOBE—This tree has a beautiful, round, globe-shaped head, budded on straight six foot standards. The top can be sheared each year, making this a very attractive, formal tree that can be kept small where space is limited. Globe Locusts are planted about the capitol grounds at Olympia, and have attracted widespread interest of tree lovers. 6-ft. stems, \$3.50.

PINK FLOWERING LOCUST—Attractive, fragrant pink blossoms. A smaller tree than the Black Locust. Grafted heads, 5-6 ft., \$3.50.

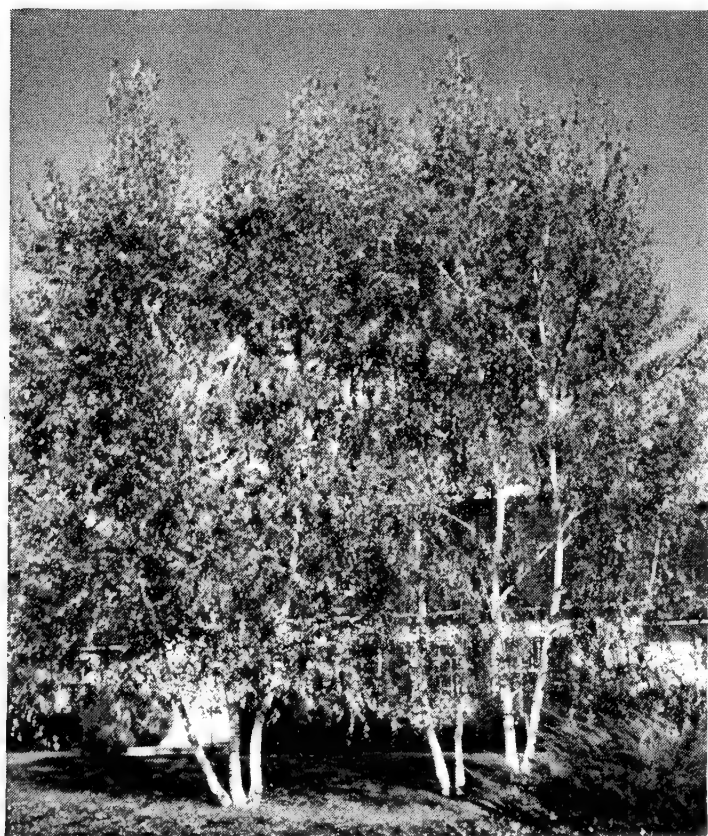
BLACK LOCUST—A rapid growing tree that will thrive in any soil. Flowers in long, pendulous racemes, white and fragrant. 4-6 ft., \$1.25; 6-8 ft., \$1.75; 3-year, heavy, \$2.50.

HONEY LOCUST—A vigorous growing tree with attractive, feathery, fern-like foliage. Long thorns. 5-6 ft., \$2.00; 8-10 ft., \$3.00.

NORWAY MAPLE—Large growing shade tree of rounded form. Fast growing for a hardwood tree. 4-6 ft. whips, \$1.00; 6-8 ft., branched, \$2.25; 10-12 ft. specimen, \$3.75.

SUGAR MAPLE—Make your Own Maple Syrup! Tree is well shaped, with colorful foliage in fall. Not so fast growing as native maples. 5-6 ft. whips, \$1.75; 6-8 ft., \$2.50.

CATALPA SPECIOSA (Western Catalpa)—Large leaves and great clusters of attractive white flowers make this a decidedly different shade tree. 5-6 ft., \$1.75; 6-8 ft., \$2.50.



WHITE BIRCH

MAIDENHAIR TREE (Ginkgo Biloba) — Very striking, unusual tree growing slowly 30 to 35 ft. Slender while young, spreading with age. Foliage shaped like Maidenhair fern, but 2 or 3 inches across. Unusual green color, turning bright yellow in autumn. Hardy and desirable. 4-5 ft., branched, \$2.75.

LINDEN, European—Smaller leaved than American varieties, slender and compact in form. Fragrant yellow bloom. Also called Basswood, or Bee tree. 5-6 ft. whips, \$1.75; 6-8 ft., branched, \$2.00.

LINDEN, American—The native Basswood. A strong growing tree with drooping branches. Large, attractive leaves and fragrant yellow-white bloom. An excellent shade tree. 5-6 ft. whip, \$1.75; 6-8 ft., branched, \$2.00.



BECHTEL'S DOUBLE FLOWERING CRAB

FLOWERING CRAB

FLORIBUNDA FLOWERING CRAB—Deep pink blossoms; blooms very profusely. Clusters of small yellow apples follow blossoms, and hang on until fall. 3-4 ft., \$1.25; 5-6 ft., 2-yr., \$1.75; 3-yr. specimen, \$2.50 and \$3.00.

SCHEIDECKERI—Another choice flowering crab. Small growing tree, upright and vase-like, with a great profusion of small, pink flowers. 3-4 ft., \$1.25; 5-6 ft., 2-yr., \$1.75; 3-yr. specimen, \$2.50 and \$3.00.

NEIDWETSKYANA — An excellent flowering crab. Brilliant red blossoms, followed by bright scarlet fruit. Very ornamental and showy. 3-4 ft., \$1.25; 5-6 ft., 2-yr., \$1.75; 3-yr., \$2.50 and \$3.00.

BECHTEL'S FLOWERING CRAB — One of the finest double, bright pink, fragrant blooming types. Slow growing. 3-4 ft., \$1.50; 5-6 ft., \$2.00.

PARKMAN FLOWERING CRAB—A newer variety, and one of the best. Bright, rose-red, double flowers hang on long, slender stems. 2-3 ft., \$1.25; 3-4 ft., \$1.50; 2-yr., \$2.50.

ALMOND (Pink Flowering)—A vigorous, beautiful little tree covered in May with rose-colored blossoms. Hardy. 2-3 ft., \$1.00; 3-4 ft., \$1.25.

DOGWOOD (White Flowering)—An attractive small shade tree; very hardy; branches are a profusion of creamy white flowers every spring. 3-4 ft., \$2.00.

DOGWOOD (Pink Flowering)—Very dwarf tree with large clusters of pink blossoms. Very showy. 24-30 inches, \$3.00 each; 30-36 inches, \$3.75 each.

GOLDENCHAIN (Laburnum Vulgare)—A beautiful, small tree with clover-shaped, gray green leaves. Flowers are long panicles of golden yellow, fragrant blooms in early spring. Decidedly attractive. 4-5 ft., \$2.00.

ELM (American)—A majestic native tree of great size and wide spread. Fairly fast growing. Makes a beautiful lawn or shade tree. 6-8 ft., \$1.75. Specimen on request.

SYCAMORE (American Plane Tree)—A fine specimen or street tree, quickly growing to a lofty, wide,



PAUL'S DOUBLE FLOWERING THORN

spreading tree; dense foliage, bright green leaves; interesting seed balls in winter. 5-6 ft., \$1.75; 6-8 ft., branched, \$2.50.

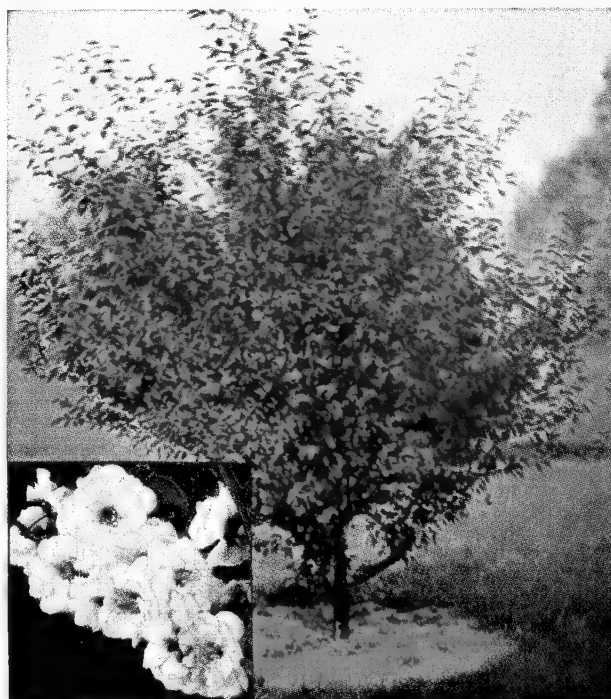
KWANZAN CHERRY—A very beautiful, small-growing tree. Covered in early spring with large, double flowers of clear pink. An attractive shade tree during summer. 4-5 ft., \$1.25; 2-yr. branched, \$2.00; 3-yr., \$2.50.

PRUNUS PISSARDI—Purple leaf plum. Much used for its flowers, foliage and fruit. 4-6 ft., \$1.50; 6-8 ft., branched, \$2.25.

PRUNUS TRILOBA—Early, before the leaves appear, the slender branches of this little tree are solid festoons of glorious, double pink, rose-like flowers. Triloba is a sensation every spring. 4-5 ft., \$1.50.



PINK FLOWERING DOGWOOD



PRUNUS PISSARDI (Purple Leaf Plum)

PRUNUS VESUVIUS—Deep, blood-red foliage with purple branches, the color being retained all summer to strike a note of pleasing contrast in the garden. Attractive white blossoms in early spring, followed by tasty purple fruit. 3-4 ft., \$1.25; 2-yr., 5-6 ft., \$1.75.

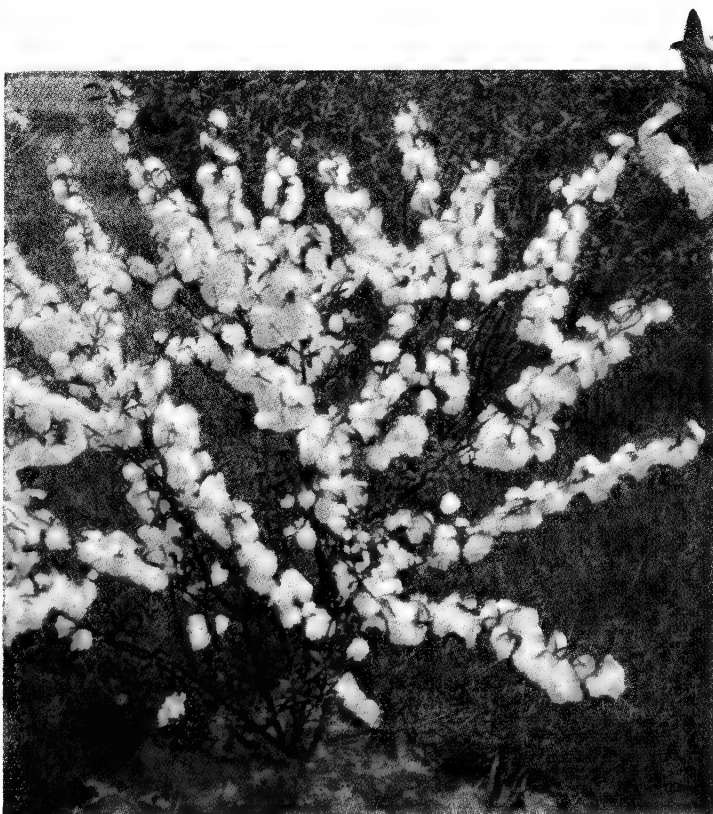
PRUNUS BLERIANA—A small tree with purple-tinted foliage and double pink flowers. The first in bloom every spring, with blossoms appearing before the foliage. Very showy; semi-dwarf, 3-4 ft., \$1.25; 5-6 ft., 2-yr., \$1.75; 8-10 ft., \$2.75.

BIRCH (European White)—Attractive white bark, good foliage and shape make this a very desirable tree for street, lawn, or landscape effect. 5-6 ft., \$1.25; 6-8 ft., \$1.75.

ACER NEGUNDO VARIEGATA (Variegated Box Elder)—A different type tree for lawn or parking strips. Small, slow growing. Leaves light green banded with white. 3-4 ft., \$1.75; 6-8 ft., \$2.50.



VARIEGATED BOX ELDER



(See
page 8)

DOUBLE
FLOWERING
ALMOND



PFITZER'S JUNIPER

EVERGREENS

Prices quoted on all evergreens f.o.b. Buckley, and shipping is at cost. If there is express service in your locality, you may consult with your local express agent on estimated delivery charges. To points lacking express service, delivery is made by auto freight.

Have you taken advantage of our landscape service? A properly planted home is an asset and an investment. With neither charge nor obligation to you, we will be glad to assist you in the selection of proper shrubs and evergreens to beautify your grounds. To take advantage of this opportunity, you have only to send us a sketch of your house and yard, complete with measurements, width and height from ground of doors, windows, etc., and compass directions. If possible, a snap-shot of the exterior of the house should also be included. We will then complete the drawing with the insertion of proper shrubs and trees, and return the plan for your approval.

CYPRESS

CYPRESS ALUMI—Pyramidal, blue-green. Very symmetrical. Attractive plume-type branches. 18-24 inches, \$2.00; 2-3 ft., \$3.50; 4-5 ft., \$5.00.

CYPRESS ERECTA VERDIS—Very bright green, more dense and compact than either Alumi or Lawsonia. 18-24 inches, \$2.00; 2-3 ft., \$3.50; 4-5 ft., \$5.00.

CYPRESS LAWSONIA (Lawson Cypress)—Dark green, similar to Alumi in growth and habit. A very hardy type evergreen. 18-24 inches, \$2.00; 2-3 ft., \$3.50; 4-5 ft., \$5.00.

CYPRESS STEWARDI (Golden Lawson)—A beautifully golden colored cypress, retaining most of its beautiful coloring even during the winter. 18-24 inches, \$3.00; 3-4 ft., \$5.00.

CYPRESS SILVER QUEEN—Slow growing, with silvery green foliage, tipped with more intensely silver spots. 18-24 inches, \$3.00; 3-4 ft., \$5.00.

CYPRESS NESTOIDES—Low growing, spreading habit, with graceful, slender branches. Medium green. Hardy. 12-15 in., \$3.00; 15-18 in., \$3.50.

CYPRESS NEDIFERA—Dwarf, dark green, low-growing. Very graceful, plume-like branches. 15-18 inches, \$2.50; 18-24 inches, \$3.50.

ABELIA GRANDIFLORA—Glossy, dark green leaves. Attractive pink bloom over a long period in early spring. 12-15 inches, \$1.25; 15-18 inches, \$1.75.

AUCUBA JAPONICA—Broad, bright green, glossy leaves. Well adapted for planting in shady spots. 15-18 inches, \$2.75; 18-24 inches, \$3.50.

AUCUBA JAPONICA VARIEGATA (Gold Dust Plant)—Similar to A. Japonica, but with leaves attractively flecked with gold. 15-18 inches, \$2.75; 18-24 inches, \$3.50.

MEXICAN ORANGE (Choisya Ternata)—Waxy, fragrant, light green foliage. Sweet scented, pure white clusters of flowers from February until June. 12-15 inches, \$1.75; 18-24 inches, \$2.75.

JUNIPER

JUNIPER, Irish—Narrow, columnar, silvery green. 18-24 inches, \$1.75; 3-4 ft., \$3.25.

JUNIPER EXCELSA STRICTA—Pyramidal, blue-green. Very symmetrical. Semi-dwarf, compact. 15-18 inches, \$2.75; 18-24 inches, \$3.25.

JUNIPER SABINA—Beautiful deep green foliage. Low bushy grower forming an irregular vase-shaped bush. Well adapted to planting under windows. 12-18 inches, \$2.25; 18-24 inches, \$3.75.

JUNIPER SABINA TAMARISCIFOLIA—One of the finest creeping varieties, forming a dense, compact carpet of blue-green foliage which never changes color. Hardy. 15-18 inches, \$3.50; 18-24 inches, \$4.00.

DUNDEE JUNIPER—Slender, pyramidal growth, blue-green color, attractively tinted with purple-bronze. 2-3 ft., \$4.00; 3-4 ft., \$5.00.

JUNIPER PFITZERIANA—Green or golden, low-sprawling type. Very attractive and hardy. Adapted for low plantings. 15-18 in., \$3.00; 18-24 in., \$3.75.

CHANDLER'S JUNIPER—Silver-blue foliage, compact. Pyramidal growth. Medium slow growing habit. 18-24 in., \$3.50; 2-3 ft., \$4.50.

COTONEASTER FRANCHETTI—Graceful, pendulous branches, good foliage, with large clusters of showy, orange berries. Evergreen. 2-3 ft., \$2.25; 3-4 ft., \$2.75.

CEDRUS DEODARA—The most graceful of the Cedrus, and often considered the finest individual evergreen tree. Silvery blue, feathery foliage borne on long drooping branches. 24-30 in., \$3.75; 30-36 in., \$4.00; 4-5 ft., \$5.50.

HOLLY, English or French Bluestem—The English holly has medium dark green leaves, green branches and bright red berries in winter. The French Bluestem has darker leaves, a purple-brown stem, and deeper red berries. Both are perfectly hardy on the Pacific Coast. 24-30 in., berried, \$4.00; 3-4 ft., \$7.00. Larger sizes on request.

SKIMMIA (Japonica)—Broad-leafed evergreen, with large, bright red berries. Does best in partial shade. 12-15 in., \$2.50; 15-18 in., \$3.00.

RETINOSPORA FILOFERA—Threadlike branches give a graceful effect to this hardy, dark green shrub. 18-24 in., \$3.00; 2-3 ft., \$4.00.

RETINOSPORA PLUMOSA (Green or Golden)—Soft feathery foliage, branches are slender and pliable, giving a plume-like appearance. Very adaptable. Can be sheared to any desired shape or height. 12-15 in., \$1.50; 24-30 in., \$2.50.

RETINOSPORA SQUAROSA NANA (Dwarf)—Very dense form of retinospora, forming a low globe-shaped plant. 10-12 in., \$2.00; 15-18 in., \$3.00.

DAPHNE ODORA—Early blooming. Waxy, bright green broad leaves, with most fragrant deep pink flowers in early spring. 6-8 in., \$1.50; 10-12 in., \$1.75; 18-24 in., \$3.75.

DAPHNE CNEORUM (Rock Daphne)—Very dwarf, low-growing. Slender, lance-like leaves of dark green. Verbena-like clusters of fragrant, deep pink bloom from April until June. 8-10 in., \$1.50; 10-12 in., \$2.25; 12-15 in., \$2.75.

BERBERIS DARWINI—Compact, low growing evergreen. Leaves shaped like miniature holly leaves assume a red cast in fall. Sulphur yellow bloom, followed by orange berries. 12-15 in., \$1.50; 15-18 in., \$2.00.

BERBERIS VERICOLOSA—Low, dense habit. Dark green leaves, whitish underneath, assuming a bronze tone in fall. Yellow flowers borne singly, or in twos. 12-15 in., \$1.50; 15-18 in., \$2.00.

LAURESTINUS—A handsome leafed evergreen. Dark green. Attractive pink-tinted white blooms all winter. 15-18 in., \$2.00; 24-30 in., \$3.00.

CAMELLIAS—One of the most beautiful of all broad-leafed evergreens. Glossy green leaves, showy blossoms of white, pink, red or variegated effect. 8-12 in., \$1.50; 12-15 in., \$2.50; 15-18 in., \$3.50; 18-24 in., \$4.50; 24-30 in., \$5.50; 30-36 in., heavy specimen, \$7.50. Special named varieties slightly higher.

ARBORVITAE, Thuja Pyramidalis (American Arborvitae)—One of the best known evergreens. Columnar, bright green. Fairly rapid grower. 18-24 in., \$2.50; 3-4 ft., \$4.50; 5-6 ft., \$7.00.

ARBORVITAE, T. Orientalis Beverleyensis—(Golden Pyramidal)—Slow growing, graceful, symmetrical. Good color. 18-24 in., \$2.50; 2-3 ft., \$3.50.

BERCKMAN'S ARBORVITAE—Very dwarf, golden globular. Unexcelled for foundation planting. Extremely slow grower. 8-10 in., \$1.50; 12-15 in., \$2.75; 15-18 in., \$3.25.



ABELIA EDUARD GOUCHER

ABELIA EDUARD GOUCHER—A new improved Abelia with more luxuriant foliage and more highly colored blossom. More dwarf in habit than regular Abelia Grandiflora. Each \$2.75.

THUJA GLOBOSA (Globe Arborvitae)—Dwarf, dark green, globe-shaped. Slow growing and very hardy. 12-15 in., \$2.50; 15-18 in., \$3.00.

RETINOSPORA OBTUSA—An attractive, dark green, upright evergreen. Its irregularly spaced branches and habit of growth lend it well to informal plantings. 15-18 in., \$1.75; 18-24 in., \$2.50; 2-3 ft., \$4.00.

**PRICES ON EVERGREENS F.O.B. BUCKLEY
SHIPPING AT COST**

ENGLISH LAUREL—An evergreen especially adapted for conditions on the Pacific Coast, with large, glossy dark green leaves. Very useful in hedge plantings, for screen and as individual specimens. Responds to trimming very well, and can be sheared to any shape. 18-24 in., \$1.75; 24-30 in., \$2.25; 12-15 in. for hedge planting, \$50.00 per 100.

KALMIA (Mountain Laurel)—Leaves smaller and darker than English laurel. Fragrant pink bloom in spring and early summer. Adapted to shady spots. 12-15 in., \$2.75; 15-18 in., \$3.50.

MUGHO PINE—Very dwarf; attractive dark green foliage; rather short needles. Forms a low, round-topped plant, useful any place where a slow-growing, compact, dwarf evergreen is desired. 10-12 in., \$2.50; 18-24 in., \$4.50.

BOXWOOD, Truedwarf—A small-leaved, dark green evergreen suitable for edgings or base planting. Can be kept trimmed. 4-5 in., 75c; \$7.50 per doz. Larger sizes on request.

PRIVET, English—One of the most popular hedge plants. Can be used for background or evergreen screen. 18-24 in., bare root, \$15.00 per 100; 30-36 in., \$17.50 per 100.

PRIVET, Lodense—A more dwarf type, best used where a low growing hedge is desired. 12-18 in., 50c; 25 for \$10.00; 50 for \$18.50; 100 for \$35.00.

COLORADO BLUE SPRUCE—Vividly blue, slow-growing. Compact, luxuriant foliage. A truly specimen type of evergreen. Very hardy. 12-15 in., \$3.00; 3-4 ft., \$8.50.



DAPHNE ODORA



CAMELLIA, PINK PERFECTION

NORWAY SPRUCE—Faster growing than blue spruce. Green needles, often touched with silver. Very hardy and thrifty. 2-3 ft., \$3.00; 4-5 ft., \$7.50.

RHODODENDRONS—Our state flower. One of the most handsome of all broad-leaved evergreens. Has beautiful blossoms in spring and early summer, of white, pink, lavender, red or purple. Special named varieties, tagged as to name and color. 12-15 in., \$5.00; 15-18 in., \$6.50; 18-24 in., \$8.00.

Hybrid Seedling rhododendrons, not tagged as to color, but suited for mass plantings. 12-15 in., \$3.75; 15-18 in., \$5.00; 18-24 in., \$6.00.

HEATHER, Mediterranean Hybrid—Lavender-pink blossoms all winter. Low growing, dwarf evergreen. 8-10 in., \$1.25.

HEATHER, Erica Carnea—Deep pink to red flowers, blooming from January until April. More dwarf than Mediterranean. 8-10 in., \$1.50.

IRISH YEW (Taxus Baccata)—Vertical, upright. Dark green in color, with brilliant red berries often appearing in mid-winter and early spring. Slow growing, extremely attractive. Can be sheared if desired. 18-24 in., \$4.00; 2-3 ft., \$5.00; 3-4 ft., \$8.00.

GOLDEN YEW—Similar to Irish Yew in growing habits, but with attractive gold tips to the branches. A striking color note. 18-24 in., \$4.00; 2-3 ft., \$5.00; 3-4 ft., \$8.00.

DWARF FRUIT TREES

When fully grown, the maximum height of the dwarf tree is not over 10 to 12 feet, and by proper pruning they can be kept even lower. This makes it easy to spray and care for them, and simplifies picking of the fruit.

Every garden, large or small, has space for one or more of the heavy-producing dwarf trees. A practical novelty. Ornamental and productive.

PRICES:

No. 1 light.....	each	\$2.50
Select, heavy	each	3.25
Extra heavy specimen.....	each	4.00

VARIETIES AVAILABLE

FALL APPLES

DUCHESS—Large, juicy, sweet. One of the finest for cooking.

GRAVENSTEIN—An old favorite. Large, fine quality. Ripens in August.

WINTER APPLES

WINTER BANANA—Large, clear, waxy yellow with red blush. Good cooking and eating. Crisp, tart flavor.

CHERRIES

BING—One of the best and most delicious cherries. The color is deep, dark red—nearly black; meat firm, sweet, and exceedingly well flavored. Almost unequalled in size, attractiveness and quality. Fruit hangs on the tree well and ripens uniformly so the crop can be taken at one picking. Deservedly one of the most popular. Requires pollenization.

LAMBERT—A very large, heart-shaped cherry with firm flesh and rich, sweet flavor. An excellent shipper, taking first rank for commercial production. Is less subject to frost injury at blossom time than other sweet varieties. Requires pollenization.

ROYAL ANNE—Large, light yellow with red cheek. Ranks among the best sweet cherries because of its large size, handsome appearance and high quality. Excellent for dessert, and the leading sweet canning variety. Requires pollenization.

OSTHEIMER WEISCHEL—Large, dark red. More of a sour cherry type, although quite sweet for eating fresh. Excellent for pies, jellies and preserves.



DWARF PEAR TREE 14 YEARS OLD

PEARS

BARTLETT—This is the same fruit as borne on the ever popular standard Bartlett tree. Ripens late summer to early fall, large golden yellow fruit, with a spicy, aromatic flavor.

TONGERN—Large, golden brown, dotted with soft red. A truly beautiful pear, with flavor to match its appearance. Ripens in early fall.

GELLERT BUTTER PEAR—Early fall, ripening about same time as Bartlett. Large, lemon-yellow, over-spread with cinnamon russet. Very sweet and juicy.

WILLIAMS' BUTTER PEAR—Very similar to Bartlett, lacking only the graininess common to this popular variety. Large, golden yellow with faint blush on cheek. Juicy, melting flavor.

CLAPP'S DARLING—This could be a re-naming of Clapp's Favorite, to which it is nearly identical. Large, fine-grained, early summer pear. Golden yellow touched with red blush. Aromatic and juicy.

FLEMISH BEAUTY—The same long-known variety as grown on standard trees. Early fall ripening. Large fruit—golden yellow with red blush. Tender, juicy, aromatic fruit. Truly excellent.

ESPALIER FRUIT TREES

We have a limited number of Espaliers available.

Sizes, varieties and prices on application.

GUARANTEE

We guarantee all of our nursery stock to grow and will replace free of charge within one year all fruit trees when stock is picked up at the nursery. On all other stock replacement will be made within one year at half-price. A 25-cent charge will be made to cover packing and shipping charges of each item replaced when shipment is made to the customer. In all instances extent of liability shall be determined by the nursery.

BUCKLEY NURSERY CO.

W. M. Schwab
Manager

PRICES

on

**Apples, Pears, Plums, Peaches, Apricots, Cherries
and Quince**

Except where otherwise noted.

	Each	10-25	25-50	50-100
No. 1 Yearling, 2-3 ft.....	\$1.00	\$.95	\$.90	\$.85
No. 1 Yearling, 3-4 ft.....	1.25	1.20	1.10	1.00
No. 1 Yearling, 4-6 ft.....	1.50	1.40	1.25	1.10
Extra Heavy Yearling, 5-7 ft.....	1.75	1.60	1.50	1.35
Extra Select Two-Year Branched.....	2.00	1.75		



(ACTUAL SIZE PHOTOGRAPH)

The **PACIFIC GOLD** Peach

TREE RIPENED PEACHES TASTE BEST!

You can never really know how good peaches taste until you pick them fully ripened from your own trees. Fresh, ripe, home-grown peaches are a delicious fruit that may be grown at little expense. They are easy to grow, quick to come into bearing, and very productive. Cultural directions enclosed with each order.

Pacific Gold Peaches are in bearing now in practically all parts of Western Washington. At least one of your neighbors or acquaintances will enjoy this fine fruit from his own tree this year. Place your order NOW and add your name to our large list of satisfied customers.

PACIFIC GOLD—Is one of the finest peaches on the market and has been developed especially to suit the needs and growing conditions in Western Washington.

They are very hardy and regularly bear big crops of fruit. Two-year-old trees are often loaded, and in our orchard three and four-year trees have produced three to five boxes of fine peaches.

The Pacific Gold is at this time the leading commercial variety for Western Washington. Available records show more Western Washington acreage planted to Pacific Gold than any other sort. Because of its attractive coloring and early ripening it is a consistent money maker for sale at roadside stands or town markets. Plant Pacific Gold for Gold from your ground.

PEACHES

RED HAVEN—New. Highly colored, red skin, flesh yellow, freestone. Ripens month earlier than Elberta. Limited quantity at \$1.50 each. Sold out for 1945; order now for Fall 1946 delivery.

CRAWFORD'S EARLY—Freestone. A large, magnificent red-striped yellow peach of good quality. One of the most popular varieties. August.

EARLY ELBERTA—Freestone. Large, yellow with red cheek; flesh firm, yellow, juicy. Of fine quality. Early September.

HALE'S EARLY—Freestone. Medium size. Flesh white, very fine flavor, juicy. Late August.

HALE HAVEN—A new Hale strain variety which is growing very popular. Exceptionally large, good color, yellow flesh, freestone. Ripens just after Veteran.

ROCHESTER—Orange yellow with deep red blush. Very juicy, highly flavored. Productive, semi-freestone. Middle of August.

STRAWBERRY PEACH—An old-fashioned favorite, newly being repopularized. Flesh white, sweet, juicy. Medium to large. Ripens mid-August.

J. H. HALE—The always popular Hale. Large, freestone, golden yellow. Ripens September.

GOLDEN JUBILEE—Fairly new variety developed at New Jersey Experimental Station. Large, oval, golden yellow. Good fresh or canned. Early September.

VEDETTE—One of the earliest yellow-meated peaches. Delicious table variety. Ripens late July to early August.

APRICOTS

Apricots are a beautiful and delicious fruit, a close relative of the plum and peach, combining the qualities of both. The fruit ripens after the early cherries, and just before plums and peaches.

PERFECTION APRICOT—The newest and best apricot for general commercial or home orchard planting. Very hardy, heavy bearing. The largest in size. Excellent flavor.

TILTON—Medium to large, firm flesh, sweet and juicy. Trees hardy and a thrifty grower. One of the most popular.

WENATCHEE MOORPARK—One of the largest in size; orange yellow skin with numerous russet dots; flesh firm, yellow, sweet, juicy. Ripens first to middle of August.



↑
VETERAN PEACH — A freestone peach, well adapted to Western Washington. Flesh deep golden, sweet, good flavor. Excellent for planting with Pacific Gold. Ripens two weeks later than Pacific Gold. Good canner. Recommended by Western Washington agricultural experts. Fine commercial variety.

QUINCES

The quince is attracting a good deal of attention as a market fruit. The tree is hardy and compact in growth, requires little space. Very productive, large crops, and comes into bearing early. Self-pollenizing.

The fruit is much sought for canning, jellies and preserves. Imparts a delicious flavor to other fruits when used in proportion of one part quince to four parts other fruits. The dwarf, slow-growing habit of the tree makes it an excellent lawn tree.

CHAMPION—Very large, handsome fruit. Greenish yellow skin, with yellow flesh that cooks up well.

ORANGE—Large, round, somewhat irregular with small, short neck. Fine, golden-yellow flesh of excellent flavor.

PINEAPPLE—One of the best for home use. Fruit large, highly flavored. Greenish yellow to deep yellow in color. We especially recommend this variety for Western Washington.

PEARS

The pear thrives over a wide range of soils and climatic conditions. The roots withstand heavy wet soils better than most other fruits. Unlike other fruits, the pear develops better quality when ripened off the tree, and should be picked before it begins to soften. Plant trees from 20 to 25 feet apart.

SUMMER PEARS

BARTLETT—Large size, golden yellow when ripe, with beautiful blush on sunny side. Buttery, very juicy and highly flavored. Tree a strong grower and bears early and abundantly. The most popular. Ripens late August, early September.

CLAPP'S FAVORITE—A large, fine pear, resembling the Bartlett, but without its musky flavor. Fine texture, without graininess. Pale lemon yellow with slight blush. Tree hardy and productive.

FLEMISH BEAUTY—Large, rather round in shape. Very hardy, producing good crops regularly. Fruit firm, fine in texture, sweet aromatic flavor.

AUTUMN PEARS

ANJOU (Buerre d'Anjou)—A large, fine pear, buttery and melting. Sprightly flavor. Tree a fine grower and very productive. October to January.

COMICE—A splendid commercial variety, of fine size, good appearance, with faint reddish blush on sunny side. Very juicy, sweet and aromatic. This variety should be more widely known and planted.

SECKEL—Small, rich, yellowish brown. One of the best flavored pears known, fine for pickling or preserving. Ripens late September, early October.

ORIENTAL PEAR—Something different. A very ornamental type tree, with dark, shiny leaves and russet colored, globular fruit. Distinctive in flavor. Ripens late September to October.

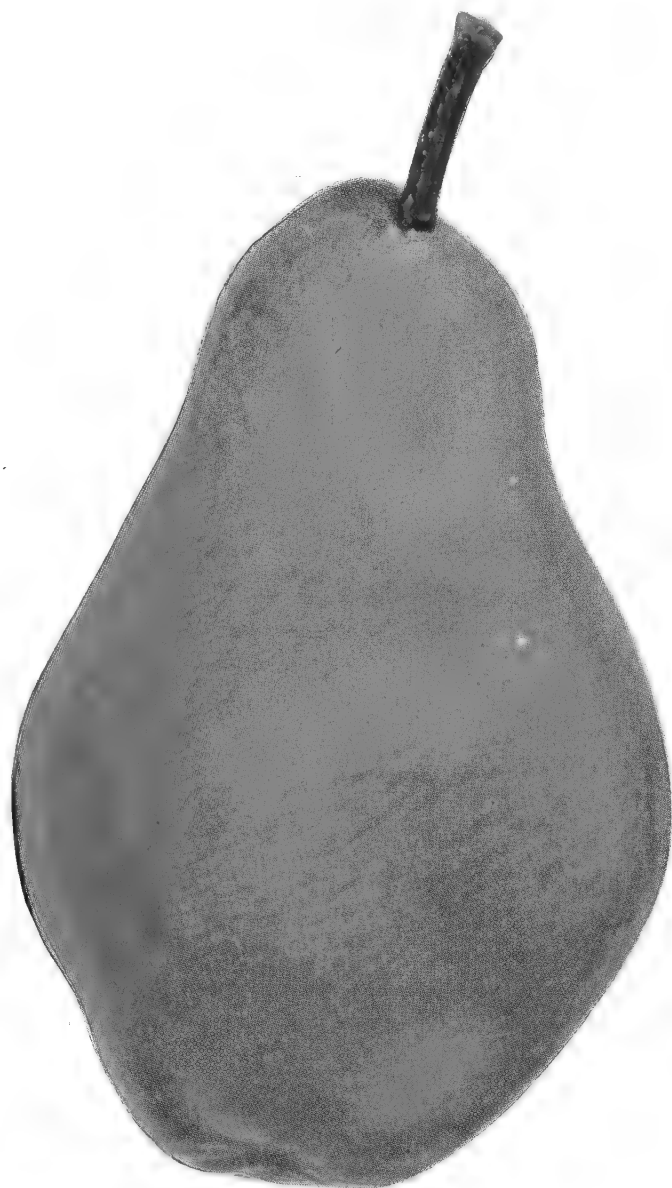
Winter Varieties

WINTER NELIS—Medium to large, skin yellowish green, dotted with russet. Flesh yellow-white, fine grained, exceptionally sweet and aromatic. December.

WINTER BARTLETT—This fine pear originated in Eugene, Oregon. Fruit large, closely resembling the famous Bartlett in shape and appearance, but ripening considerably later. One of the few pears of recent introduction having real merit.

BOSC (Buerre Bosc—Fall Russett)—One of the best winter pears. Splendid shipping and commercial variety. Long, slender shape, solid russet color. Flesh fine-grained and very flavorful. Good keeper.

NOTE—We have a limited number of Espalier Pears available. Write for description and price.



BARTLETT PEAR

COMBINATION PEAR TREES

For the small yard, or city lot we have a number of combination pear trees which have a complete assortment of pears grafted on the one tree. Truly a novelty tree, yet very practical in that the pears are selected so they will not ripen all at one time but will spread over the entire fruiting season.

- | | |
|---|--------|
| 3 Way Tree—Early Pear, Fall Pear and Winter Pear | \$3.00 |
| 4 Way Tree—Early Pear, Two Fall Pears and Winter Pear | \$3.50 |

These trees are grafted to the most suitable types for Western Washington, and varieties will vary somewhat, however care will be taken to select special varieties where ordered if at all possible.

NUT TREES

FILBERTS

The filbert is less particular as to location and soil than many other nut and fruit trees. It does well on any soil that is fertile, well-drained, retentive of moisture during summer, and which has sufficient depth. The territory in which the filbert can be grown is limited to the Northwest, and the market for the ripened nuts is unlimited. Planted 25 feet apart, each way, 70 trees are required to the acre.

BARCELONA—A large, round nut that drops freely from its husk. The self-husking feature is a valuable one. Makes a large tree, and bears early. Proper pollenization is essential, and Du Chilly, Daviana, and White Aveline are all good pollenizers for Barcelona.

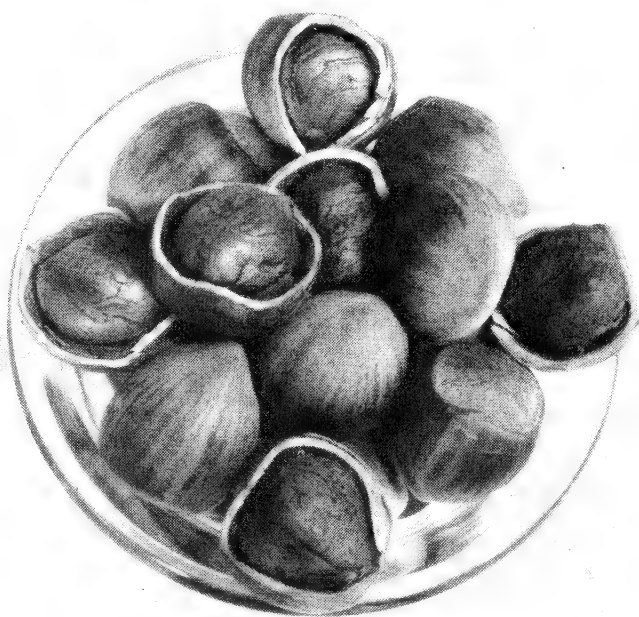
DU CHILLY—A leading commercial variety, very popular in Western Washington. Very large, long nut of superior quality. In many markets the Du Chilly commands a premium price over other varieties. The trees do not grow as large as the Barcelona, but are excellent bearers. Daviana and Aveline recommended for pollenizers.

DAVIANA—This is a handsome nut of the Du Chilly type, although not quite so large. The trees

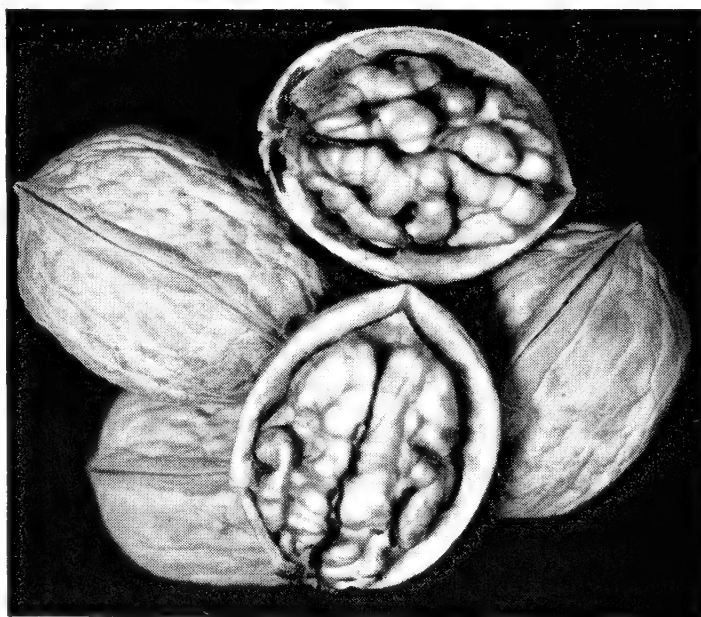
bear quite heavily, and are excellent pollenizers for both Du Chilly and Barcelona.

NOTE: In filbert planting, each tree should contact a pollenizer. In commercial planting, it is the practice to have every third tree of every third row a pollenizer. We will be glad to make a planting chart, showing proper location of pollenizers.

	PRICES	Each	Per 12	50 to 100
1-year, 2-3 ft.		\$1.00	\$.85	\$.75
1-year, 3-4 ft.		1.25	1.10	.95
2-year, 4-5 ft.		1.50	1.25	1.00
2-year, heavy		1.75	1.50	1.25
3-year		2.25	2.00	
4-year		2.50	2.25	



FILBERTS



WALNUTS

CHESTNUTS

AMERICAN SWEET — A handsome shade tree, bearing medium-sized nuts of superb flavor. Sweet.

SPANISH—Valuable both for ornamental use and fruit. Produces larger fruit than the American, and quite similar in flavor.

ITALIAN—Well-shaped tree, bearing medium-sized, sweet nuts of excellent flavor. 3-4 ft., \$1.50; 4-6 ft., \$2.00; 6-8 ft., \$3.00; 8-10 ft., \$4.00.

WALNUTS

ENGLISH WALNUT—These are prolific bearers on the Coast. Having a deep tap root, they should be planted in deep soil. 4-6 ft., \$2.50; 6-8 ft., \$3.00.

FRANQUETTE—An English type walnut grafted on California Black root. An improved strain with large, oval nuts, big meats, splendid quality. We especially recommend this variety for Western Washington climatic conditions. 3-4 ft., \$2.50; 4-6 ft., \$3.00; 6-8 ft., \$4.25; 8-10 ft., branched, \$4.75.

CALIFORNIA BLACK—A rapid grower, making a very beautiful shade tree. Nut medium size, with hard, smooth shell. Adapts itself easily to different climates. 4-6 ft., \$1.75; 6-8 ft., \$2.50.

APPLES—Grow 'Em on Your Own Trees

SUMMER APPLES

RED ASTRACHAN—A fine apple for cooking, eating and general home use. Good quality. Yellow covered with red, striped appearance.

YELLOW TRANSPARENT—An excellent apple for eating or cooking. No apple in its season approaches it. A clear, light yellow color. Ripens over a period of three to four weeks.

FALL APPLES

DUCHESS—Large, juicy, sweet. One of the finest for cooking.

GRAVENSTEIN—An old favorite. Large, fine quality. Ripens in August.

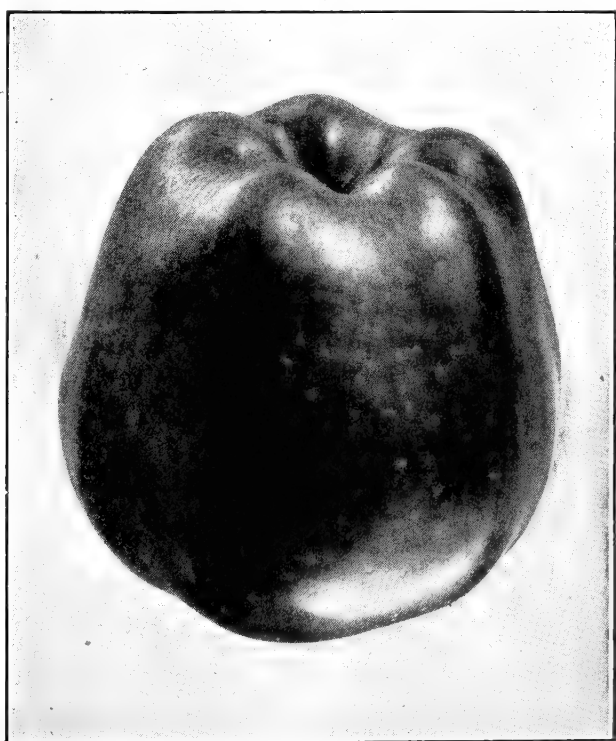
RED GRAVENSTEIN—An improved type of the old favorite. Bright red, ripens shortly after old Gravenstein. Good eating or cooking, juicy, spicy flavor. Well adapted to Western Washington.

WEALTHY—Large bright red, with tart, excellent flavor.

WAGNER—Medium size, deep red. Juicy, very good flavor.

SNOW (Fameuse)—Medium size, yellowish-green striped with red. Flesh white, fine-grained, crisp. Good eating or cooking.

KING—Large, oblate, yellowish ground striped with red. Fragrant, spicy flavor and odor. Flesh crisp, tender, fine flavor. Cooking or eating.



NOTE—We have a limited number of Espalier Apples available. Write for description and price.

WINTER APPLES

ENGLISH RUSSETT—Medium to large apple, fine grained, excellent eating and very fine keeper. An old favorite regaining popularity.

WINTER BANANA—Large, clear, waxy yellow with red blush. Good cooking and eating. Crisp, tart flavor.

YELLOW BELLFLOWER—Very large, yellow with red blush. Good cooking and eating. Crisp, tart flavor.

GRIMES GOLDEN—Medium to large, rich golden yellow. Crisp, fine flavor. A universal favorite. Good keeper.

McINTOSH RED—Large, bright red stripes on white. Fine-grained, aromatic. Eating or cooking. Strong grower.

RHODE ISLAND GREENING—Large, round. Skin greenish yellow, flesh yellow and juicy. An old-time cooking favorite. Keeps until April.

TOLMAN SWEET—Medium size yellow apple. Sweet, with no tartness. Yellow and red. Rich flavor.

ROME BEAUTY—Large, yellow and bright red. Flesh yellowish, tender, juicy, sub-acid. Good bearer. Excellent for cooking. Keeps until March.

NORTHERN SPY—A fine, large red-striped apple. Tender, mild, juicy. Strong growing trees. Keeps until June.

STAYMAN WINESAP—Improved type of Wine-sap, larger and more prolific. Large, yellow splashed with red. Tart, crisp, fine for eating.

RED DELICIOUS—A new strain, double-red improved Delicious. Retains its firm texture, juice and flavor much longer than ordinary Delicious, and is more adapted to Western Washington.

JONATHAN—Red and yellow, juicy, rich flavor. tender flesh. Very productive. Fine eating. Good commercial variety.

BALDWIN—Large, deep red. Tart, juicy, excellent cider apple. Fine for eating. Very good keeper.

SPITZENBERG—Medium to large, deep red, spicy, crisp flavor. An old favorite. Good cooking and eating, fine keeper.

WHITE WINTER PEARMAN—Large, pale yellow. Fine flavor for eating or cooking.

YELLOW NEWTON PIPPIN—Medium to large, light yellow, excellent for both eating and cooking. One of the finest for keeping. Lasts until April.

RAINIER—Sweet, non-acid apple. Good cooked or raw. An excellent keeper.

YELLOW DELICIOUS—A large apple of excellent quality. Bears young, very prolific. Crisp, white, rich flavored flesh. Good eating and cooking.

COMBINATION APPLE TREES

We have a good selection of apple trees with from three to five different varieties grafted on to the same tree. These varieties include those that ripen from early summer to late fall and winter—all dependable, high grade varieties.

Home owners and tree lovers will find these combination trees a never-ending source of interest, and for one with limited space, these trees supply an entire home apple orchard with a single tree. Trees are from 2 to 3 years old.



RED DELICIOUS AND WINESAP APPLES

- 3-Way**—Yellow Transparent, Red Gravenstein, 1 winter apple. Each\$3.00
- 4-Way**—Yellow Transparent, Red Gravenstein, 2 winter apples. Each\$3.50
- 5-Way**—Yellow Transparent, Red Gravenstein, King, 2 winter apples. Each\$4.00

NOTE: These combinations are suggestions only. We have many combinations. Send us your list of preference, and we will fill the order as closely as possibly with varieties of your choice.

CRABAPPLES

Crabapples are of value both for the beauty of the tree and the quality of the fruit. Delicious for cooking, preserving and making jellies or spiced fruits.

HYSLOP—Medium size, yellow with shadings of crimson maroon. Flesh fine, firm, yellow, astringent. One of the most desirable sorts for culinary use.

RED SIBERIAN—Small fruit, averaging an inch

in diameter, borne in clusters. Bears young and abundantly. Deep red over-all color, sprightly flavor.

TRANSCENDANT—Medium to large, brownish yellow with blush of bright red. Flesh firm and crisp, fine-grained, very juicy.

WHITNEY—Fruit large, yellow striped with red and covered with red on sunny side. Flesh yellowish, juicy, fine-grained. Flavor almost sweet, very rich.

SOUR CHERRIES

EARLY RICHMOND—Medium size, dark red, melting, juicy, sprightly acid flavor. This is unsurpassed for cooking purposes, and is exceedingly productive. Ripens June.

ENGLISH MORELLO—Medium to large, blackish red, rich, acid, juicy and good. Very productive, an excellent canner. Late July to mid-August.

LATE DUKE—Large, dark red, juicy and rich. An old, excellent variety, very productive. Mid-July.

MAY DUKE—Similar to Late Duke, but ripening a month earlier.

MONTMORENCY—The most widely planted sour cherry, by reason of its early and regular bearing habits, and fine flavored fruit. Scarlet red color, round plump fruit hangs in clusters, making picking easy.



APPLE, WEALTHY

CHERRIES

Cherry trees are a real asset to any home! Big, sweet, luscious cherries—fresh from the tree—will be appreciated by the whole family. Makes an excellent shade or lawn tree.

SWEET CHERRIES

BING—One of the best and most delicious cherries. The color is deep, dark red—nearly black; meat firm, sweet, and exceedingly well flavored. Almost unequaled in size, attractiveness and quality. Fruit hangs on the tree well and ripens uniformly so the crop can be taken at one picking. Deservedly one of the most popular. Requires pollenization.

LAMBERT—A very large, heart-shaped cherry with firm flesh and rich, sweet flavor. An excellent shipper, taking first rank for commercial production. Is less subject to frost injury at blossom time than other sweet varieties. Requires pollenization.

ROYAL ANNE—Large, light yellow with red cheek. Ranks among the best sweet cherries because of its large size, handsome appearance and high quality. Excellent for dessert, and the leading sweet canning variety. Requires pollenization.

BLACK REPUBLICAN—An excellent pollenizing variety. Rich in flavor, with fine quality, firm flesh, good canner, excellent eating.

BLACK TARTARIAN—Medium to large, bright purplish black. Tender, juicy, very rich flavor. Productive, and ripens very early. Good pollinizer.



ROYAL ANN CHERRY

GOVERNOR WOOD—A large, heart-shaped cherry with firm flesh and rich flavor. Fruit light yellow, marbled with red. Strong grower, and good bearer. Fine pollinizer for Royal Anne.

CENTENNIAL—Large, yellow, firm-fleshed and excellent flavored. Good for canning or eating fresh, and a good pollinizer.



MONTMORENCY CHERRY

WATERHOUSE—Medium to large. Yellow with red cheek, greatly resembling Royal Anne, and with the added advantage of being a good pollinizer.

DEACON—A large black cherry, with firm flesh and rich flavor. To the merits of the fruits is added the advantage of being a good pollinizer.

PLUMS

Plums Are Easy to Grow and Bear Early

DUARTE—Ripens August to September. Fruit heart-shaped, deep red all the way through. Very small pit. Delightful flavor.

BLUE DAMSON—Ripens September. Enormously productive and a regular bearer. Fruit ripens over a long season. Delicious eaten fresh, incomparable for preserves and marmalades.

BURBANK—The fruit is large, clear cherry red with a thin lilac bloom; flesh a deep yellow, very sweet. Begins to bear second year after planting.

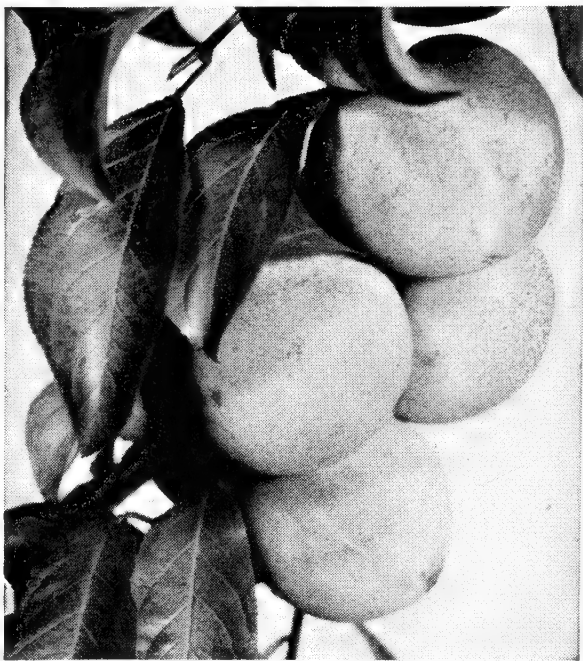
BRADSHAW—Ripens August, or mid-season. Very large, dark violet red. Yellowish green flesh of pleasing flavor. Semi-freestone. Good quality. Tree a good grower and very productive. Blooms late, thus more likely to escape late frosts. Good market or home orchard variety.

CLIMAX—Ripens early, mid-July to August. One of Burbank's finest introductions, fast growing in popularity for both home and commercial use. Fruit is large, pear-shaped, superbly rich in flavor and quality.

COLUMBIA—Ripens late August. Large, dark purple. Almost round in shape, flesh yellow, juicy and sweet. A desirable home orchard fruit.



BURBANK PLUM



SATSUMA PLUM

PEACH—Ripens usually July and August. Early ripening, large size and handsome appearance make this highly popular. Round in shape, golden yellow flesh, juicy, sprightly flavor.

SATSUMA—A fine large plum. The flesh is solid, purplish-crimson from pit to skin. Juicy, very fine quality. Pit very small, about size of cherry stone. Ripens in September.

WICKSON—The tree grows in vase form, sturdy and upright. The stone is small, and the flesh of firm texture, sugary and delicious. Dark skin, yellow meat.

YELLOW EGG—Ripens end of August. A large, handsome yellow plum. Egg shaped, golden yellow covered with thin bloom. Firm, juicy, sweet. One of the best.

REINE CLAUDE—Large, nearly round. Skin pale yellow marked with red; juicy, excellent, good bearer. Ripens first of September.

ACE—September. Very sweet, freestone. Flesh and skin bright red. Deserves wider popularity.

SHIRO—The earliest ripening yellow plum. Rather heart-shaped, pale yellow with clear yellow flesh. A pleasantly different flavor.

APEX—Early July shipping and market. Medium size, light crimson skin, yellow flesh, pleasing flavor.

BEAUTY—The earliest red plum, an important commercial variety. Fruit medium to large, heart-shaped, crimson skin, yellow flesh, with an indescribably pleasing flavor. Trees very productive, self-pollinating.

JEFFERSON—Finest of all yellow canning plums. Mid-season. Flesh is firm, sweet, juicy.

SANTA ROSA—Large, purplish crimson skin, flesh yellow, mottled crimson. Excellent for eating or canning, and a good pollenizer. Mid-July.

PRUNES

COATES 1418, DATE PRUNE—An improved type of French prune, larger than regular French. Fine for eating, canning or drying. Reddish purple, juicy, sweet.

HUNGARIAN—Largest in size, beautiful bright red with lilac bloom. Good market variety, and ideal for home use. September.

ITALIAN—Medium to large. Oval, dark purple with sweet, juicy, yellow flesh. A standard drying and shipping variety. Tree a strong grower and heavy bearer.

SILVER PRUNE—Large, slightly ovate, pale yellow skin and flesh. Very sweet. A good late prune.

FRENCH (Petite d'Agen)—Small to medium in size, very fine texture. Reddish purple, sweet and juicy. Good eating or canning.

DOUBLE X FRENCH—An improved French, large, sweet and of excellent quality. Good for fresh, drying or canning use.

IMPERIAL EPINEUSE—August - September. Good commercial or home variety. One of the largest. Fine flavor and excellent quality.

STANDARD—August. Drying and canning. Fruit large, dark purple; flesh amber, fine grained, juicy, sweet. Requires cross-pollination.

SUGAR—Early August. The earliest prune for shipping or canning use. Fruit medium to large, oval, dark purple. Flesh sweet and of good quality. Excellent pollenizer.



ITALIAN PRUNE

FIGS

DO YOU LIKE FIGS? NO?

Then you have never really tried to eat fresh, ripe figs, right from the tree. No other fruit has the universal appeal to the palate of man as the fig.

BROWN TURKEY—Brown. Large size, very good flavor. Bears young and heavily. Makes a fine shaped tree.

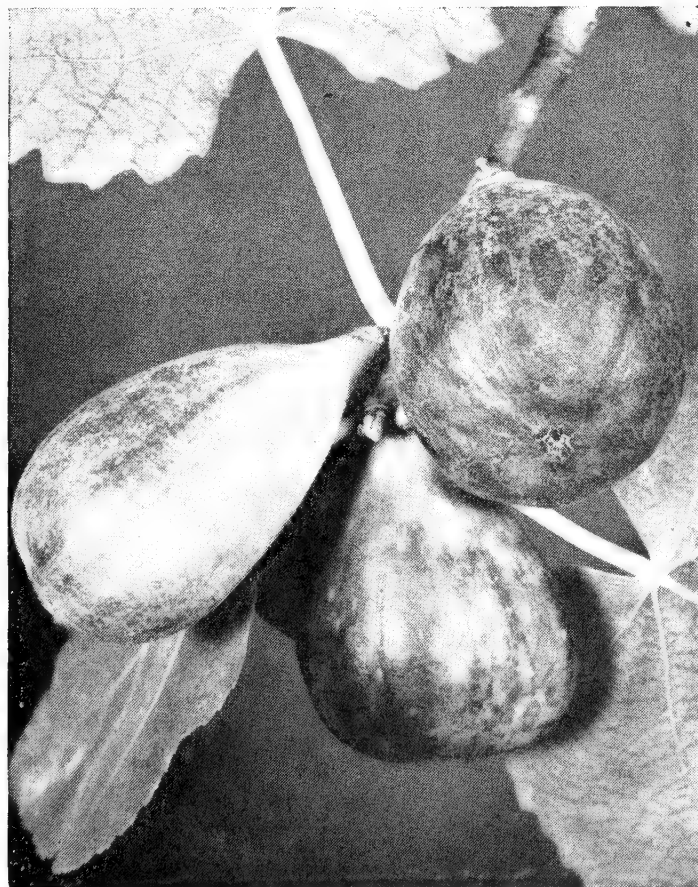
LATTARULA—White. The Asiatic Honey Fig. most widely used for eating fresh, making preserves, marmalades and candy. Very hardy and a regular bearer.

GRANATA—Black. The Persian fig. Grown in Persia and Syria, but quite hardy in this locality. One of the largest in size, often measuring 7 inches in circumference. Not quite as hardy as white, but should be included when planting.

NEVERALLA. Purple. Similar to Granata in size and growing habits, but preferred by many who do not like black figs. Long, slender shape. Very sweet. Trees bear quite young.

PRICES

1-year, light	\$1.75
1-year, heavy	2.25
2-year, select	3.50
Specimen, Extra heavy, 5-yr. bearing size (limited). Each	7.50
(A few larger specimens available.)	



FIG, BROWN TURKEY

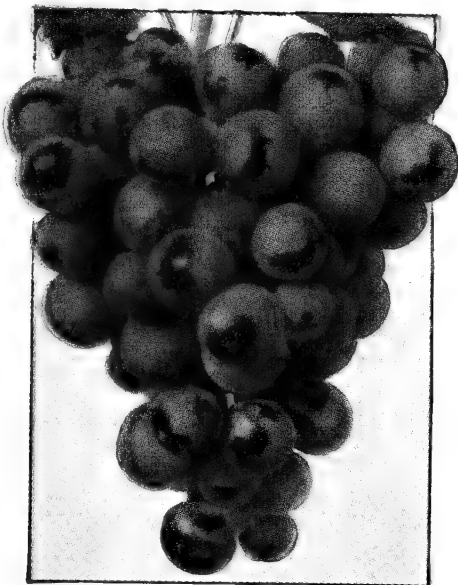
GRAPES

GRAPE PRICES: 2-yr. No. 1, 50c each, per dozen, \$5.00.

AGAWAM—Large bunch, red berries, tender and juicy. Ripens early. Good bearer. Very good table grape.

BRIGHTON—Flesh rich, sweet, and of the best quality; ripens early. Vigorous and productive in growth. Red.

DELAWARE—Bunch medium to small, compact. Berries small, light red, sugary and vinous. Excellent flavor.



© J. & P. CO.
GRAPES, CONCORD

CACO—Of exceptional merit. Wine-red berries, compact bunch, good sized fruit. Hardy and thrifty. August to September.

CAMPBELL'S EARLY—Handsome black berries with purple bloom. Rich, good keeper. Fine jelly type.

CONCORD—Good black variety, juicy and sweet. Reliable and productive. One of the most popular and adaptable varieties. The standard in many sections.

WORDEN—Seedling of the Concord, which it greatly resembles, but with larger berries. Slightly sweeter flavor, and ripens somewhat earlier.

ISLAND BELLE—Mid-August to September. Unequaled keeping qualities. Clusters and berries are large, glossy black with attractive blue bloom. Sweet and juicy. One of the best for culinary purposes.

FREDONIA—Medium to large fruit and clusters. Very sweet. Good table grape, and fine for jelly making. Black.

NIAGARA—Berries medium to large. Skin thin, tough. Niagara holds the same position among white grapes as Concord among black. Good for arbors.

PORTLAND—Medium to large, white berries. Good table variety. Strong, vigorous grower.

SWEETWATER—Large, white berries. Very sweet and juicy. Delicious table grape.

GOLDEN MUSCAT GRAPE

One of the best of the European type grapes which will mature well under Western Washington conditions. Hardy, excellent bearer. Good wine or table grape.

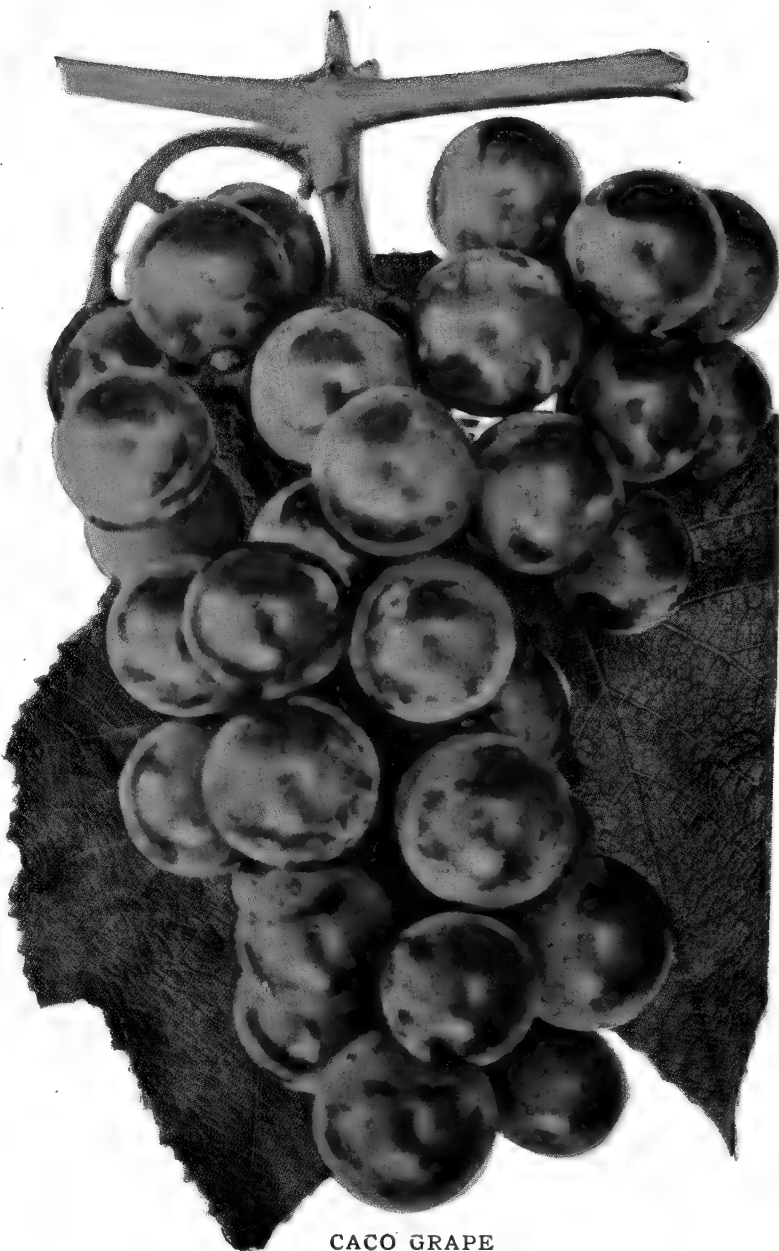
2-year No. 1: Each, 75c; per doz., \$7.50.

RUSTPROOF WASHINGTON ASPARAGUS—

Just the thing to round out the well-planned home garden. Well rooted, 2-year plant: 50c doz.; 25 for 85c; 50 for \$1.60; 100 for \$3.00.

RHUBARB

Not a luxury, but a necessity for a well-balanced garden. Fine for sauce or pies. **Mammoth Victoria** or **Strawberry**. Each, 20c; per doz., \$2.00.



CACO GRAPE



BOYSENBERRY

The gigantic new blackberry with a real wild blackberry flavor. The largest and finest blackberry on the market for home or commercial use. The vines are exceptionally hardy, drought resistant, and make a strong, vigorous growth, with unbelievably heavy crops.

	Each	12	100
1-year	\$.20	\$2.00	\$15.00
2-year30	3.00	20.00

BLUEBERRIES

A comparatively new introduction of genuine merit. Will do well in majority of home gardens, and thrive in boggy or sub-irrigated plots. Full cultural instructions included with each order.

Early Varieties

CABOT—Berries large, good flavor.

PIONEER—Berries large, flavor fine. Excellent for pies, jams, and jellies.

Mid-Season

RANCOCAS—Large berries, strong grower. One of the best commercial varieties.

KATHERINE—Large berries of excellent flavor. Good home variety.

CONCORD—Large berries of excellent, rich flavor.

HARDING—Medium size berries, but of exceptional sweetness.

Late Varieties

RUBEL—Medium in size, a good flavor and heavy bearer. Good commercial type.

GROVER—Attractive bush, berries large and delicious. Good culinary type.

JERSEY—A very late variety, with large, fine-flavored berries.

PRICES

	Each	10 to 50
2 yr. select.....	\$1.25	\$1.15
3 yr. select.....	1.75	1.50

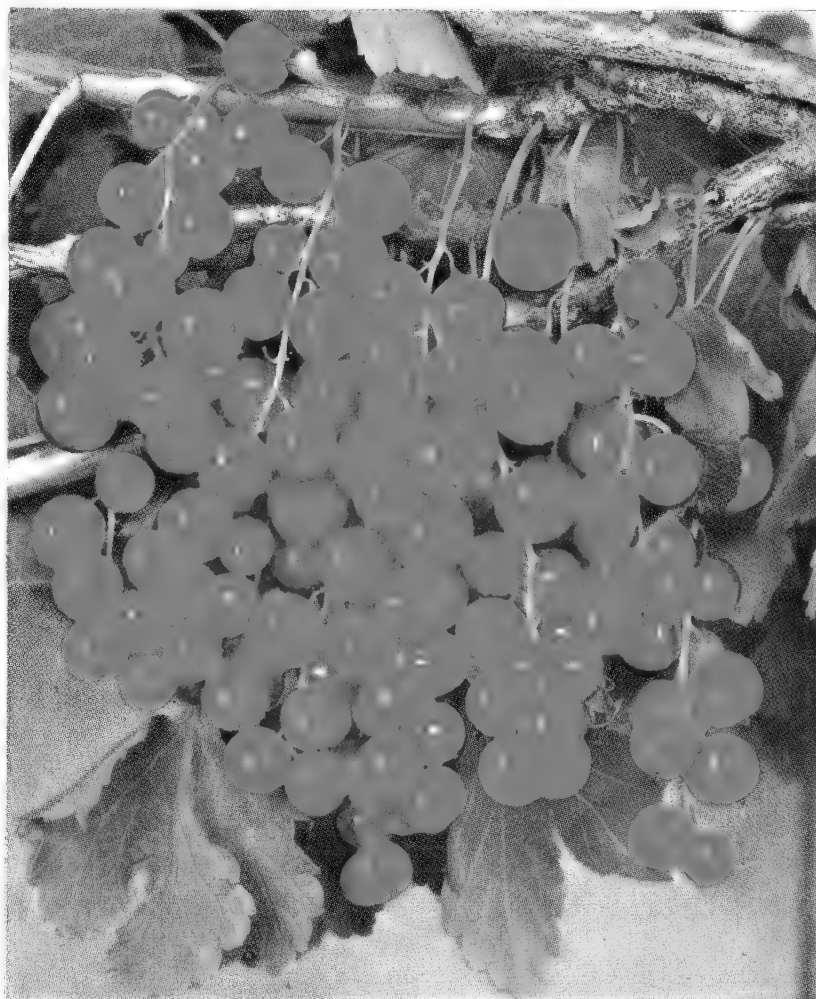
Also a few larger bearing-size bushes on request.

LOGANBERRY

Fruit of the same size and general shapes as a large blackberry. Large clusters of dark purplish red fruit with a pleasant vinous flavor. Excellent for table use or canning. Each 30c, per doz. \$3.00.

OLYMPIC BERRY

A marvelous new berry of the highest quality, with an exquisite flavor. Should be planted in every home garden. This berry originated on Vashon Island, and has proven both hardy and very productive. Dew-berry type fruit, must be trellised like Loganberry. Each, 50c; per doz., \$5.00; per 50, 30c each; 100 to 500, 25c each.



CURRENT

YOUNGBERRY

A superbly flavored recent introduction—a cross between the Logan and Dewberries. Heavy crops. Each, 30c; per doz., \$3.00.

GOOSEBERRIES

OREGON CHAMPION—Berries medium to large, round, smooth, greenish-white with thin, transparent skin. Good quality, early ripening. Very heavy bearer. Bush vigorous and free from mildew.

1-year—40c each; \$4.00 doz.

2-year—50c each; \$5.00 doz.

3-year—75c each; \$7.50 doz.

ENGLISH GOOSEBERRY—Fruit very large, up to an inch in diameter, round, very juicy and exceptionally fine flavored. Vigorous grower, very productive, one of the best. Commands a high price on the market. Each \$1.00.

CURRENTS

FAY'S PROLIFIC—Bright red, medium size berry, ripening in long bunches. Heavy bearer.

PERFECTION—Bright red, and larger than the Fay. Very productive. Rich, mild, sub-acid.

CHERRY—The largest of all red currants, sometimes more than a half-inch in diameter. Very vigorous grower.

WHITE GRAPE—Similar in bearing habits to the Perfection, but with white berries. Ideal for drying or for jelly making.

1-year—30c each; \$3.00 doz.

2-year—40c each; \$4.00 doz.

3-year—50c each; \$5.00 doz.

THORNLESS BERRIES

We shall have a few Thornless Boysenberry, Loganberry and Blackberry to offer. These bear fairly heavy crops and have the added advantage of no thorns to interfere with easy picking. Each 60c, per doz., \$6.00.

RASPBERRIES

CUTHBERT—Very hardy, medium to large, firm and of excellent flavor. Good shipper. One of the leading main crop raspberries. Doz., \$1.25; per 50, \$4.50; per 100, \$8.00; per 1000, \$60.00.

NEW WASHINGTON—A new berry developed at the Western Washington Experimental Station. Plants quite resistant to winter freezing and mosaic. Berries large, red, good flavor. Doz. \$1.25; per 50, \$4.50; per 100, \$8.00; per 1000, \$60.00.

CUMBERLAND (Black Cap)—Berries large, firm, and of excellent flavor. One of the best and most popular of all black raspberries. Each, 20c; doz., \$2.00; per 100, \$12.50.

STRAWBERRIES



BRIGHTMORE—A new annual strawberry, highly recommended for shipping and canning. Very productive. Uniform berries, good color.

Doz., 60c; per 25, \$1.00; per 50, \$1.85;
per 100, \$3.50; per 1000, \$32.50.

MARSHALL—Large, fine flavor, good canner and excellent eating. Very popular one crop berry.

IMPROVED MARSHALL—A standard proven variety, large berries, fine quality. A good canner and shipper. Important commercial variety.

DORSETT—A new and proven berry, one of the finest for home or commercial use, rich in color and flavor. One of the sweetest of strawberries.

NEW OREGON—A new berry of fine quality and flavor. Very large, heavy bearing. Vine makes vigorous growth. Good shipper and canner.

Doz., 50c; per 25, 85c; per 50, \$1.60; per 100, \$3.00;
per 500, \$13.50; per 1000, \$25.00.

EVERBEARING STRAWBERRIES

PROGRESSIVE—Smaller than Mastodon, but of better quality and finer flavor.

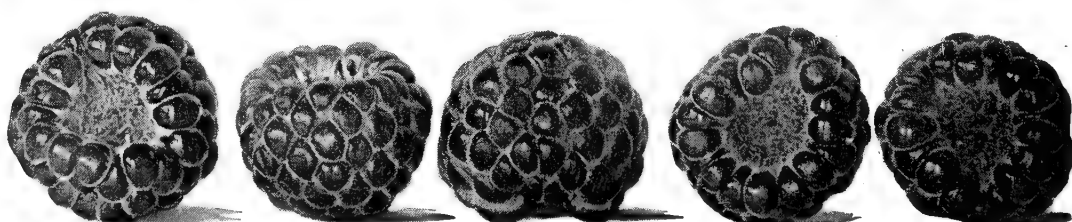
MASTODON—Large berried, popular everbearing type. Good color and flavor.

Per doz., 75c; per 25, \$1.25; per 50, \$2.25; per 100, \$4.25; per 500, \$20.00; per 1000, \$35.00.

ROCKHILL EVERBEARING

A new, runnerless type berry of exceptionally fine flavor, large size and quality. Heavy bearer.

Per doz., \$1.50; per 50, \$5.50; per 100, \$10.00.



RASPBERRIES

ROSES

2-yr. No. 1 Bush Roses, 85c each; \$8.50 per doz.

AUTUMN—Medium sized buds, color burnt orange, streaked with red; strong grower, healthy foliage, free bloomer.

CALEDONIA—One of the better white roses. Long large buds. Double flowers.

CATALONIA—One of the most brilliantly colored new varieties. Full double blooms of orange-vermilion, gold reverse.

CHARLES K. DOUGLAS—Scarlet-crimson, free bloomer. Strong, fragrant, bushy.

CHRISTOPHER STONE—A really sensational red rose. Perfect form, scarlet, intensely fragrant. Dark green, disease-resistant foliage.

CONDESA DE SASTAGO—This Spanish novelty is the first double rose to have the vivid colors of the brilliant specie rose, Austrian Copper. The bud is like molten gold, striped with flame.

DAME EDITH HELEN—Very fragrant, double pink. Perfectly formed. Free bloomer, fragrant.

DOROTHY PAGE ROBERTS—Free blooming, coppery pink. Long, slim buds opening to fully double flowers.

DUCHESS OF ATHOL—Long, pointed orange buds open to rose and gold double blooms.

DUQUESA DE PENARANDA—Long, pointed buds of apricot, orange and dark pink. Continuous bloomer.

EDITH NELLIE PERKINS—Long, pointed buds open to large full flowers of two-toned, orange-buff inside and copper-pink outside petals.

E. G. HILL—A long-time favorite, with great, massive blooms of deep, velvety crimson. Very fragrant.

ETOILE DE HOLLANDE—The finest double, dark red rose for all general purposes.

FEU JOSEPH LOOYMANS—Long, pointed buds of glowing apricot and old gold. Continuous bloomer.

GOLDEN EMBLEM—Beautiful, large, double blooms of rich yellow, sometimes stained with red on outer petals.

HADLEY—Large, well-formed flowers of rich crimson. Fully double. Very fragrant.

HINRICH GAEDE—Long, nasturtium red buds, opening to very double, bright orange blooms with good shading.

HOOSIER BEAUTY—Very double bright carmine with distinctive zinnia shape. Crimson inner petals have very dark shadings.

IRISH FIREFLAME—Extremely long slender buds opening to single blooms of deep orange splashed with crimson.

JOANNA HILL—Very double bloom with Indian Yellow center surrounded by gold-buff outer petals.

KAISERIN AUGUSTA VIKTORIA—The best double, pure white bedding rose. Full blossoms, shapely buds.

KILL. BRILLIANT—Vivid pink, double satiny sheen. An outstanding rose.

K. OF K.—Bright scarlet, semi-double blossoms. Very showy, free bloomer.

LADY HILLINGDON—Long, slender stems bear pointed dark-yellow buds, opening to large, golden double blooms.

LADY MARGARET STEWART—Copper orange buds, opening to bright golden yellow flowers. A favorite cut rose.

LOS ANGELES—Double flowers are rich flame pink, shading to apricot and yellow.

LULU—Long, dainty buds of coral apricot. Semi-single.

MABEL MORSE—Vivid, golden-yellow double blooms. Fragrant, very free bloomer.

MISS ROWENA THOM—Numerous, immense bright pink petals hinged in vivid yellow. Free bloomer, vigorous grower.

MME. CAROLINE TESTOUT—Double, satiny pink with apricot shadings. Beautiful buds, opening to large, loose flowers.

MME. EDOUARD HERRIOT—The original bright orange-pink rose. Excellent for bedding or cutting.

MME. JULES BOUCHE—The finest white cutting rose. Long, well-shaped buds, open to fully double, finely-shaped flowers. Free bloomer.

MRS. E. P. THOM—Fine long buds open into perfectly shaped flowers of rich lemon-yellow.

MRS. PIERRE S. DUPONT—Reddish-gold buds open into beautiful double yellow flowers. Free bloomer.

MRS. SAM MCGREDY—Large, double blooms of orange-salmon with a suffusion of gold. Vigorous, healthy.

MCGREDY'S YELLOW—One of the always popular McGredy's roses of rich sulphur yellow. Free bloomer.

MCGREDY'S IVORY—Long bud with greenish markings, opening to ivory-white, perfectly shaped, double blooms.

MCGREDY'S SCARLET—Large flowers of brilliant scarlet with orange base. Upper portions of petals lightly-washed crimson.

PADRE—A strong, upright grower, with beautifully shaped buds and blooms of rich copper-scarlet.

PRESIDENT HERBERT HOOVER—Maroon, orange, and gold. Beautifully pointed buds, large fragrant flowers borne on long, slender stems. Ideal cut rose.

RED HOOVER—Similar to Pres. Hoover, but with more intense red coloring. Not subject to fading.

RED TALISMAN—More beautiful even than regular Talisman, with the red coloring of the inner petals intensified.

SENSATION—All the name implies. Truly a sensation of riotous color. Vivid scarlet.

SHOT SILK—Cherry cerise, shot with yellow. Very fragrant. Profuse bloomer.

SISTER THERESE—Perfectly formed golden yellow buds, opening to full, fragrant flowers. Sensational.

SOUTHPORT—Long, pointed, rich scarlet buds, opening to full, fragrant flowers that resist fading.

TALISMAN—Fragrant bloom of glowing golden yellow, stained with copper-red and orange-rose inside petals. Free bloomer.

AMI QUINARD—One of the darkest red roses. Fully double, fragrant, free bloomer.

DAINTY BESS—Delicate, true pink, slender buds, opening into large, lily type single blooms of a lighter pink, with the petals edged with crimson.

IMPERIAL POTENTATE—Large flowers of deep rose-pink. Vigorous grower, profuse bloomer.



E. G. HILL

CLIMBING ROSES

2-yr. No. 1, \$1.00 each.

CL. HOOSIER BEAUTY—Fragrant, glowing crimson with darker shadings on inner petals.

CL. CECILE BRUNNER—One of the strongest growing baby roses. Profuse, delicate pink blossoms.

CL. PRES. HERBERT HOOVER—The same as the bush rose in blooming qualities and color. A profuse bloomer.

CL. LOS ANGELES—Quantities of double, flame pink flowers, shading to apricot and yellow.

CL. TALISMAN—Retains all the qualities of the ever-popular bush type Talisman.

CL. MRS. E. P. THOM—An unusually beautiful climber, covered with rich, sulphur-yellow blooms.

CL. MME. EDOUARD HERRIOT—A free-blooming rose of rich, coral-red, shading to orange. Free blooming.

CL. PAUL'S SCARLET—One of the most popular of all climbers. Large, well-shaped flowers of rich scarlet. Blooms all summer.

CL. MARECHAL NEIL—A very beautiful rose with well-shaped, rich yellow buds. Free bloomer. Very fragrant.

CL. MME. BUTTERFLY—Long, slender buds of a delicate pink touched with apricot. Hardy grower, free bloomer.

The beautiful, prize winning, patented climber, **RUTH ALEXANDER**. A glorious orange-copper color, semi-double, with perfectly-shaped, long, slender buds. One of the most beautiful of the new roses. Each.....\$1.50.

NOTE: Because of the scarcity of the above, please list an acceptable substitute when ordering, or indicate that a substitute of our choice will be acceptable.

TREE ROSES

These are the same fine roses we offered in bush varieties, but are grafted on Briar Stock, 36 to 42 inches high, where they show off to better advantage. Truly a beautiful ornamental addition to any yard. Price, each \$3.50.

Christopher Stone.

Duquesa de Penaranda.

Edith Nellie Perkins.

Editor McFarland—Beautiful, shapely blooms and buds of gorgeous pink.

Kaiserin Augusta Viktoria.

McGredy's Yellow.

Heinrich Wendlund—Inside of petal nasturtium-red, reverse yellow.

McGredy's Ivory.

Picture.

Sister Therese.

The Doctor.

Condesa de Sastago.

E. G. Hill.

Etoile de Hollande.

Grenoble—Long-stemmed, beautiful blooms of deep scarlet-crimson.

Hinrich Gaede.

Mrs. Sam McGredy.

Mme. Joseph Perraud—Free blooming, perfect form. Orange heart shading to shell pink.

Margaret McGrady.

President Hoover.

Talisman.



MRS. E. P. THOM

NOTE: Tree roses sold out until Fall, 1946.

PLEASE USE THIS ORDER BLANK

BUCKLEY NURSERY CO. . . . Buckley, Washington

Order Number

Date.....194.....

SOLD TO.

(Please Print Name)

Amount Enclosed:

P. O. ADDRESS.

CITY.

STATE

Zone No.

When to be Shipped:

SHIP TO

STREET (or Box No.)

CITY.

Zone No.

Nearest Express Office

COUNTY

STATE

If any item is out of stock, may we substitute a similar variety? Write Yes or No.

[illegible]

WASHINGTON RESIDENTS, WHOSE ORDERS BEING SHIPPED TO WASHINGTON POINTS, PLEASE ADD WASH. SALES TAX OF 3%
THE BUCKLEY NURSERY CO. will exercise care to have all stock true to name, nevertheless it is understood and agreed that should any stock prove untrue to name, the **Buckley Nursery Co.** shall be liable only for the sum paid for the stock which may prove untrue, and shall not be liable for any greater amount. **The Buckley Nursery Co.** books all orders with the understanding that same shall be void should injury befall the stock from flood, drouth, frost or other causes beyond their control.

Amount Carried Forward

OVER

Use other side of this order blank first.

AMOUNT BROUGHT FORWARD

[illegible]

PLEASE OBSERVE WHEN ORDERING

NOTE: All price lists issued prior to this catalog are hereby cancelled. All prices quoted in this catalog are subject to change without notice. All orders are accepted subject to stock being available at time of delivery.

PLANTING SEASON—We commence shipment of stock as soon as it is sufficiently dormant to move safely. (Generally around 1st of December). All orders are filled in rotation according to date received. Plantings may be made until mid-March depending on weather. All orders are shipped in ample time for safe planting.

TRANSPORTATION—We pay the mailing or express charges on all deciduous stock listed herein to all points in Western Washington, provided the amount of order is \$1.00 or over.

Orders for less than \$1.00 will not be accepted for shipment. Where shipment is made by Auto Freight we prepay charges to freight terminal in Tacoma or Seattle, whichever is closest to destination, all auto freight charges beyond that point are collect.

TERMS—CASH—Send postoffice or express money order, bank draft or check. NO ORDERS WILL BE SHIPPED C.O.D. All orders must be paid in advance of shipment. 10% deposit (\$1.00 minimum) is sufficient to hold stock for order. However, balance must be paid before shipment is made.

SALES TAX—All purchasers whose orders are being shipped to Washington points will please add to their remittance the Washington Sales Tax of 3%.

PACKING—No charge is made for packing on retail orders of dormant nursery stock to any point in the United States. Packing on evergreens at cost.

GUARANTEE—We guarantee all the stock we sell to be true-to-name, nevertheless, it is understood and agreed that should any stock prove untrue to name the nursery shall not at any time be liable for any sum greater than the amount received. See page 14 for guarantee to grow.

PLANTING CHART

This convenient planting chart gives the appropriate planting distances at which various fruit trees and vines should be set. It also shows the number of trees at various distances that can be planted per acre.

Number of Trees per Acre			Suitable Distance for Planting	
No. Feet Apart	Square Method	Triangle Method		No. Feet Each Way
12 x 12	302	349	Apples	25 to 35
13 x 13	257	295	Pears	18 to 25
14 x 14	222	255	Sweet Cherries	25 to 35
15 x 15	193	222	Sour Cherries	20 to 25
16 x 16	170	190	Plums	18 to 25
17 x 17	150	172	Prunes	18 to 25
18 x 18	134	158	Peaches	18 to 25
19 x 19	120	138	Almonds	18 to 28
20 x 20	108	125	Quince	12 to 18
22 x 22	90	104	Nectarines	16 to 20
24 x 24	76	88	English Walnuts	40 to 60
25 x 25	69	80	Filberts	20 to 25
27 x 27	60	69	These distances will vary according to the type of soil and locality. For garden or home orchard, trees can be a little closer than for commercial orchards where cultivating is essential.	
30 x 30	43	55		
33 x 33	40	46		
35 x 35	35	40		
36 x 36	33	38		
40 x 40	27	31		

Kind of Vine or Plant	Proper Spacing	No. per Acre	Kind of Vine or Plant	Proper Spacing	No. per Acre
Grape Vines	8 x 8 ft.	680	Evergreen Blackberries ...	16 x 8 ft.	390
Currants	4 x 5 ft.	2178	Himalaya Blackberries ...	16 x 8 ft.	390
Boysenberry, Youngberry .	8 x 8 ft.	680	Dewberries	6 x 6 ft.	1210
Olympic Berries	8 x 8 ft.	680	Loganberries	10 x 8 ft.	544
Gooseberries	5 x 5 ft.	1742	Asparagus	1½ x 4½ ft.	6000
Raspberries	2½ x 7 ft.	2500	Strawberries	1½ x 3 ft.	9658
Cumberland Blackcaps ...	2½ x 7 ft.	2500			

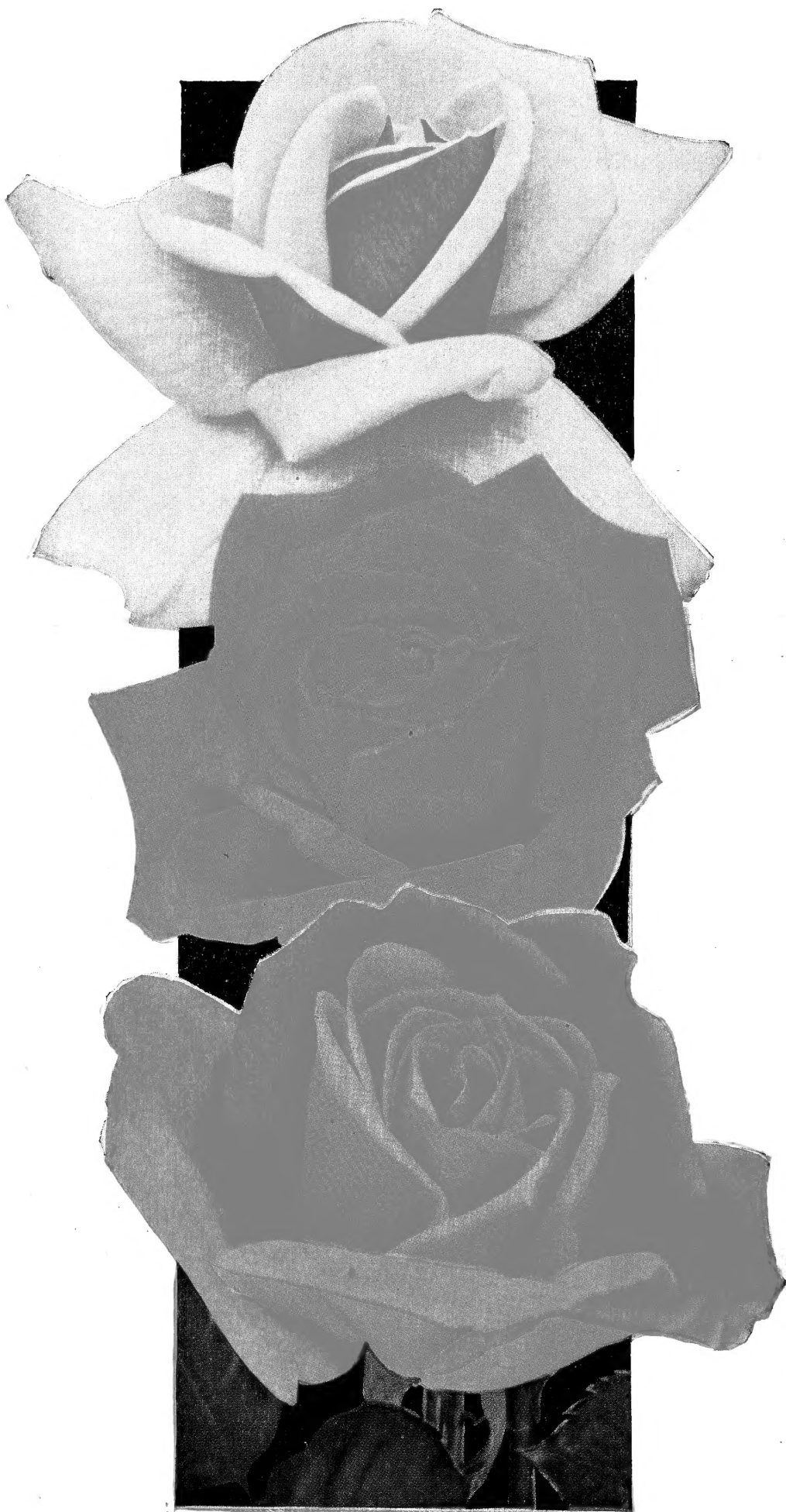
NOTICE—If there is any spraying, planting, cultivating or pruning problem with which you are confronted, on which you would like help, a letter to us will receive our prompt and careful attention. COMPLETE PLANTING AND PRUNING INSTRUCTIONS ACCOMPANY ALL SHIPMENTS OF STOCK, for best results follow them carefully. All trees should be pruned back before planting.



DAME
EDITH
HELEN



McGREDY'S
YELLOW



EDITH NELLIE PERKINS, MRS. PIERRE S. DUPONT,
PRES. H. HOOVER

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